```
C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10521538.str
chain nodes :
   11 12 14
ring nodes :
```

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 15 16 17 18 19 20
chain bonds :
   7-14 9-11 11-12 14-16
ring bonds :
   1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 5-9 7-8 8-9 15-16 15-20 16-17 17-18 18-19 19-20
exact/norm bonds :
   4-7 7-8 8-9 9-11 11-12
exact bonds :
   5-9 7-14 14-16
normalized bonds :
   1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 15-16 15-20 16-17 17-18 18-19 19-20
isolated ring systems :
   containing 1 : 15 :
Match level :
   1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom
   14:CLASS 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom
Generic attributes :
   11:
   Saturation
                         : Unsaturated
   Number of Carbon Atoms : less than 7
   Number of Hetero Atoms : 2 or more
   Type of Ring System : Monocyclic
Element Count :
   Node 11: Limited
       C,C4
```

N,N2

=> Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10521538.str 19 15 CH₂ 14 chain nodes : 11 12 14 ring nodes : 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 15 16 17 18 19 20 chain bonds : 7-14 9-11 11-12 14-16 ring bonds : $1-2 \quad 1-6 \quad 2-3 \quad 3-4 \quad 4-5 \quad 4-7 \quad 5-6 \quad 5-9 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 15-16 \quad 15-20 \quad 16-17 \quad 17-18 \quad 18-19$ 19-20 exact/norm bonds : 4-7 7-8 8-9 9-11 11-12 exact bonds : 5-9 7-14 14-16 normalized bonds : 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 15-16 15-20 16-17 17-18 18-19 19-20 isolated ring systems:

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 14:CLASS 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom

Generic attributes :

containing 1 : 15 :

11:

Saturation : Unsaturated Number of Carbon Atoms : less than 7 Number of Hetero Atoms : 2 or more Type of Ring System : Monocyclic

Element Count :

Node 11: Limited

C,C4

N,N2

0,00

s,s0

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1

STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11 sss sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 12:19:39 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 115 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED

115 ITERATIONS

6 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

1657 TO

2943

PROJECTED ANSWERS:

6 TO 266

L2

6 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> => s l1 sss ful

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 12:20:16 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1929 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1929 ITERATIONS

131 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 131 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> => s 13

L4 60 L3

=> d 14 1-60 bib,ab,hitstr

```
ANSWER 1 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L4
AN
     2005:902719 CAPLUS
     143:235464
DN
ΤI
     Enhancing the effectiveness of an inhaled therapeutic gas
IN
     Bloch, Kenneth D.; Ichinose, Fumito; Zapol, Warren M.; Evgenov, Oleg V.
PA
     The General Hospital Corporation, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
ΡI
     WO 2005077005
                          A2
                                20050825
                                            WO 2005-US3877
                                                                    20050204
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ,
                                         /BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK/DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, JZ, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
             RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
             MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2004-542000P
                                20040204
     Methods for enhancing the therapeutic or prophylactic effectiveness of an
     inhaled therapeutic gas include administering to a mammal by inhalation a
     therapeutically effective amount of gaseous nitric oxide or carbon monoxide,
     and administering to the mammal a composition containing a compound that
sensitizes
     soluble guanylate cyclase. Pharmacol. sensitization of soluble guanylate
     cyclase with Bay 41-2272 produced pulmonary vasodilation and modulation of
     pulmonary response to inhaled nitric oxide.
IT.
     256376-24-6, Bay 41-2272
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (enhancing the effectiveness of an inhaled therapeutic gas)
RN
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
CN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

- ANSWER 2 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L4
- AN 2005:624333 CAPLUS
- DN 143:227271
- TΤ Stimulation of soluble guanylate cyclase slows progression in anti-thyl-induced chronic_glomerulosclerosis
- Wang, Yingrui; Kraemer Stephanie; Loof, Tanja; Martini, Sebastian; Kron, ΑU
- Susanne; Kawachi, Hiroshi; Shimizu, Fuijo; Neumayer, Hans-H.; Peters, Harm Department of Nephrology and Center of Cardiovascular Research, Charite University Medicine Berlin, Hymboldt University, Berlin, Germany CS
- Kidney International (2005), 88(1), 47-61 CODEN: KDYIA5; ISSN: 0085-2588 SO
- PB Blackwell Publishing \ Inc.
- DT Journal
- LΑ English
- AB Background: A critical role of soluble guanylate cyclase and nitric oxide-dependent cyclic 3',5'-guanosine monophosphate (cGMP) production for glomerular matrix expansion has recently been documented in a rat model of acute anti-thyl glomerulonephritis. The present study analyzes the renal activity of the nitric oxide-cGMP signaling cascade in and the effect of the specific soluble quanylate cyclase stimulator Bay 41-2272 on a progressive model of anti-thyl-induced chronic glomerulosclerosis. Methods: Anti-thyl glomerulosclerosis was induced by injection of anti-thyl antibody into uninephrectomized rats. One week after disease induction, animals were randomly assigned to chronic glomerulosclerosis, chronic glomerulosclerosis plus Bay 41-2272 (10 mg/kg body weight/day) or chronic glomerulosclerosis plus hydralazine (15 mg/kg body weight/day). In week 16, anal. included effects on systolic blood pressure, proteinuria, kidney function, glomerular and tubulointerstitial matrix protein accumulation, expression of transforming growth factor- β 1 (TGF- β 1), fibronectin and plasminogen activator inhibitor type 1 (PAI-1), macrophage infiltration, cell proliferation, basal and nitric oxide-stimulated cGMP production as well as tubulointerstitial mRNA expression of alpha 1 and beta 1 soluble guanylate cyclase. Results: The moderately elevated systolic blood pressure seen in the chronic glomerulosclerosis group was comparably decreased by both treatments. Compared to normal controls, soluble quanylate cyclase mRNA expression and nitric oxide-stimulated cGMP production were up-regulated in the tubulointerstitium of the untreated chronic glomerulosclerosis animals, while its activity was decreased in glomeruli. Bay 41-2272 treatment enhanced glomerular and tubulointerstitial nitric oxide-cGMP signaling significantly. This went along with markedly reduced glomerular and tubulointerstitial macrophage infiltration, number of proliferating cells, matrix expression and accumulation, as well as improved kidney function. In contrast, hydralazine therapy did not significantly affect renal nitric oxide-cGMP signaling, macrophage number, cell proliferation, matrix protein expression and accumulation. Conclusion: Glomerular and tubulointerstitial soluble guanylate cyclase activity are discordantly altered in anti-thyl-induced chronic glomerulosclerosis. Stimulation of soluble quanylate cyclase signaling by Bay 41-2272 limits the progressive course of this model toward tubulointerstitial fibrosis and impaired renal function at least in part in a blood pressure-independent manner. The results suggest that soluble guanylate cyclase activation counteracts fibrosis and progression in chronic renal disease.
- IT 256376-24-6, Bay 41-2272
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (stimulation of soluble guanylate cyclase by Bay 41-2272 enhanced nitric oxide-cGMP signaling and improved renal function limiting progression towards tubulointerstitial fibrosis in rat model of anti-thyl-induced

chronic glomerulosclerosis)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 3 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:603087 CAPLUS
- DN 143:146287
- TI BAY 41-2272 [5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine-3-yl]pyrimidin-4-ylamine]-induced dilation in ovine pulmonary artery: Role of sodium pump
- AU Bawankule, Dnyaneshwar U.; Sathishkumar, K.; Sardar, Kautuk K.; Chanda, Debabrata; Krishna, A. Vamsi; Prakash, Vellanki Ravi; Mishra, Santosh K.
- CS Division of Pharmacology and Toxicology, Indian Veterinary Research Institute, India
- Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics (2005), 314(1), 207-213

 CODEN: JPETAB; ISSN: 0022-3565
- PB American Society for Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The mechanisms of relaxation to nitric oxide (NO)-independent soluble guanylyl cyclase (sGC) activator BAY 41-2272 were investigated in isolated ovine pulmonary artery. BAY 41-2272 (1 nM-10 μ M) produced concentration-dependent relaxation of endothelium-denuded pulmonary artery rings
 - $(pD2 = 6.82 \pm 0.16; Emax = 92.30 \pm 2.31\%; n = 8), precontracted with 1$ μM 5-hydroxytryptamine (serotonin). 1-H-[1,2,4]Oxadiazole[4,3a]quinoxalin-1-one (ODQ; 10 µM), an inhibitor of sGC, partially inhibited (Emax = $57.10\pm3.10\%$; n = 6) the relaxation response of BAY 41-2272. In comparison with ODQ, sodium pump inhibitor ouabain (1 μM) produced a greater decrease in the vasodilator response of BAY 41-2272 (Emax = $20.17\pm4.55\%$; n = 6). K+-free solution also attenuated (Emax = 39.97 \pm 3.52%; n = 6) BAY 41-2272-induced relaxation. ODQ (10 μ M) plus 1 μM ouabain abolished the relaxant response of BAY 41-2272 (Emax = $12.09\pm3.76\%$, n = 6 vs. vehicle control DMSO; Emax = $15.83\pm1.72\%$, n = 6). KT-5823 (2 μ M), a specific inhibitor of protein kinase G had no effect on 10 µM ODQ-insensitive relaxation evoked by BAY 41-2272. BAY 41-2272 (10 μM) inhibited Ca2+-induced contractions in K+-depolarized prepns. BAY 41-2272 (10 µM) caused about a 14-fold increase in the intracellular cGMP over the basal level, which was completely inhibited by 10 μM ODQ. BAY 41-2272 (0.1, 1.0, and 10 μM) significantly (P < 0.05) increased ouabain-sensitive 86Rb uptake in a concentration-dependent manner. BAY 41-2272 (10 µM) also stimulated sarcolemmal Na+-K+-ATPase activity. However, 10 µM ODQ had no significant effect on either basal or BAY 41-2272-stimulated 86Rb uptake/Na+-K+-ATPase activities. In conclusion, this study provides the first evidence of sodium pump stimulation by BAY 41-2272 independent of cGMP as an addnl. mechanism to sGC activation in relaxation of ovine pulmonary artery.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study) (BAY 41-2272-induced dilation in ovine pulmonary artery: role of sodium pump)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 4 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L4
     2005:451176 CAPLUS
AN
     143:1222
DN
     Modulating substances of the nitric oxide-cyclic guanosine
TI
     3',5'-monophosphate signaling pathway for the treatment of dental
     Baumann, Michael; Bloch, Wilhelm; Korkmaz, Yueksel
IN
     Cell Center Cologne G.m.b.H., Germany
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 46 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                20050526
                                                                    20041115
PΙ
     WO 2005046660
                          A1
                                            WO 2004-EP12935
                                         /BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, LD, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO,
             SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
             NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI EP 2003-26132
                                20031113
     The use of a modulating substance of the nitric oxide (NO)-cyclic
     guanosine 3',5'-monophosphate (cGMP) signaling pathway for the preparation of a
     pharmaceutical composition for the prevention and/or treatment of a dental
     disorder in a mammal is disclosed. Furthermore, pharmaceutical compns.
     comprising a modulating substance of the NO-cGMP signaling pathway as well
     as methods for treating a dental disorder are provided.
IT
     256376-24-6, BAY 41-2272
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (modulating substances of the nitric oxide-cyclic GMP signaling pathway
        for the treatment of dental disorders)
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
RN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
CN
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

```
L4
     ANSWER 5 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2005:409351 CAPLUS
DN
     142:435861
ΤI
     Novel combination for treating hypertension
     Fox, David Nathan Abraham; Karran, Eric
IN
     Pfizer Limited, UK; Pfizer Inc.
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
PΙ
                          A2
                                             WO 2004-IB3444
     WO 2005042022
                                 20050512
                                                                    20041020
                                20050804
     WO 2005042022
                          A3
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM,
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
PRAI GB 2003-25291
                                20031029
                          Α
     Combination comprising (a) an activator of soluble guanylate cyclase and (b)
AB
     and angiotensin II receptor antagonist are useful for treating
     hypertension. Active ingredients (50 mg) were blended with cellulose
     (microcryst.), silicon dioxide, stearic acid (fumed), and the mixture was
     compressed to form tablets.
IT
     256376-24-6, BAY41-2272 256498-66-5, BAY41-8543
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (novel combination for treating hypertension)
RN
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
CN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-

b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2005:387239 CAPLUS

DN 143:92904

TI Residues stabilizing the heme moiety of the nitric oxide sensor soluble guanylate cyclase

AU Schmidt, Peter M.; Rothkegel, Christiane; Wunder, Frank; Schroeder, Henning; Stasch, Johannes-Peter

CS Institute of Cardiovascular Research, Bayer Healthcare, Wuppertal, D-42096, Germany

SO European Journal of Pharmacology (2005), 513(1-2), 67-74 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

PB Elsevier B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Soluble guanylate cyclase, a heterodimer consisting of an $\alpha-$ and a heme-containing β -subunit, is the major receptor for the biol. messenger nitric oxide (NO) and is involved in various signal transduction pathways. The heme moiety of the enzyme is bound between the axial heme ligand histidine105 and the recently identified counterparts of the heme propionic acids, tyrosine135 and arginine139. The latter residues together with an invariant serine137 form the unique heme binding motif Y-x-S-x-R. In this work, we show that replacement of the serine137 with alanine destabilizes the binding of the heme moiety and impairs NO-mediated soluble guanylate cyclase activation.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (S137A mutant residue of soluble guanylate cyclase plays role in destabilizing binding of heme moiety and impairs NO-mediated soluble guanylate cyclase activation)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- ANSWER 7 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L4
- AN 2005:338069 CAPLUS
- DN 142:456681
- ΤI Effects of BAY 41-2272, a soluble guanylate cyclase activator, on pulmonary vascular reactivity in the ovine fetus
- ΑU
- Deruelle, Philippe; Grover, Theresa R.: Storme, Laurent; Abman, Steven H. Pediatric Heart Lung Center, University of Colorado School of Medicine, CS Denver, CO, USA
- American Journal of Physiology (2005), 288(4, Pt. 1), L727-L733 SO CODEN: AJPHAP; ISSN: 0002-9513
- PB American Physiological Society
- DТ Journal
- LА English
- AΒ Nitric oxide (NO)-cGMP signaling plays a critical role during the transition of the pulmonary circulation at birth. BAY 41-2272 is a novel NO-independent direct stimulator of soluble guanylate cyclase that causes vasodilation in systemic and local circulations. However, the hemodynamic effects of BAY 41-2272 have not been studied in the perinatal pulmonary circulation. We hypothesized that BAY 41-2272 causes potent and sustained fetal pulmonary vasodilation. We performed surgery on 14 fetal lambs (125-130 days gestation; term = 147 days) and placed catheters in the main pulmonary artery, aorta, and left atrium to measure pressures. An ultrasonic flow transducer was placed on the left pulmonary artery (LPA) to measure blood flow, and a catheter was placed in the LPA for drug infusion. Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) was calculated as pulmonary artery pressure minus left atrial pressure divided by LPA blood flow. BAY 41-2272 caused dose-related increases in pulmonary blood flow up to threefold above baseline and reduced PVR by 75% (P < 0.01). Prolonged infusion of BAY 41-2272 caused sustained pulmonary vasodilation throughout the 120-min infusion period. The pulmonary vasodilator effect of BAY 41-2272 was not attenuated by No-nitro-L-arginine, a NO synthase inhibitor. In addition, compared with sildenafil, a phosphodiesterase 5 inhibitor, the pulmonary vasodilator response to BAY 41-2272 was more prolonged. We conclude that BAY 41-2272 causes potent and sustained fetal pulmonary vasodilation independent of NO release. We speculate that BAY 41-2272 may have therapeutic potential for pulmonary hypertension associated with failure to circulatory adaptation at birth, especially in the setting of impaired NO production
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (effects of BAY 41-2272, a soluble quanylate cyclase activator, on
 - pulmonary vascular reactivity in ovine fetus)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-CN pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 8 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2005:337952 CAPLUS

DN 142:423474

TI Stimulation of soluble guanylyl cyclase inhibits mesangial cell proliferation and matrix accumulation in experimental glomerulonephritis

AU Hohenstein, Bernd; Daniel, Christoph; Wagner, Andrea; Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Hugo, Christian

CS Department of Nephrology, University of Erlangen-Nuremberg, Erlangen, Germany

SO American Journal of Physiology (2005), 288(4, Pt. 2), F685-F693 CODEN: AJPHAP; ISSN: 0002-9513

PB American Physiological Society

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ To date, no specific treatment is established in mesangial proliferative glomerulonephritis in humans. Specific stimulation of soluble guanylyl cyclase (sGC), an enzyme catalyzing the synthesis of cGMP from GTP, can be achieved by the novel pyrazolopyridine derivative BAY 41-2272. The effect of sGC stimulation via BAY 41-2272 on mesangial proliferation was assessed in vivo using a mesangial proliferative glomerulonephritis model in rats (anti-Thyl model). Renal biopsies, as well as glomerular isolates, urine samples, and blood samples were compared in BAY 41-2272- and placebo-treated groups during anti-Thyl nephritis. The sGC β1-subunit is upregulated during anti-Thyl nephritis and mainly confined to mesangial areas by immunohistochem. Specific therapeutic sGC stimulation during anti-Thyl nephritis in vivo was achieved via BAY 41-2272 treatment as demonstrated by increased glomerular cGMP levels causing inhibition of mesangial proliferation, glomerular matrix accumulation, and proteinuria compared with placebo-treated animals. is tightly regulated in glomeruli during exptl. glomerulonephritis. Considering its beneficial antiproliferative, antifibrotic, and antiproteinuric effect in exptl. glomerulonephritis, the therapeutic stimulation of sGC could become a promising future goal in mesangial proliferative glomerulonephritis in humans.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

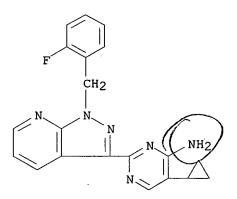
(stimulation of soluble guanylyl cyclase inhibits mesangial cell proliferation and matrix accumulation in exptl. glomerulonephritis)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN

4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
L4
     ANSWER 9 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     2005:259829 CAPLUS
AN
     142:329823
DN
     Potassium channel mediated delivery of agents through the blood-brain
ΤI
IN
     Black, Keith L.; Ningaraj, Nagendra S.
     Cedars-Sinai Medical Center, USA
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 225 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
ΡI
     WO 2005025511
                          A2
                                20050324
                                             WO 2004-US29787
                                                                    20040910
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT
                                          BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
                                 AU, AZ,
                                         DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, TL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
     US 2005089473
                                20050428
                                             US 2004-938674
                                                                     20040910
                          A1
PRAI US 2003-502159P
                          Ρ
                                20030910
     US 2003-528440P
                          Ρ
                                 20031210
                          P
     US 2004-548636P
                                 20040227
     This invention includes pharmaceutical compns., methods and. kits for the
AΒ
     treatment or diagnosis of a malignant tumors, including brain tumors, and
     diseases or disorders characterized by abnormal brain tissue.
IT
     256376-24-6, BAY 41-2272 256498-66-5, BAY 41-8543
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (potassium channel mediated delivery of agents through the blood-brain
        barrier)
RN
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
CN
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L4 ANSWER 10 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:208470 CAPLUS
- DN 142:443670
- TI Resonance Raman and Infrared Spectroscopic Studies of High-Output Forms of Human Soluble Guanylyl Cyclase
- AU Martin, Emil; Czarnecki, Kazimierz; Jayaraman, Vasanthi; Murad, Ferid; Kincaid, James
- CS Department of Integrative Biology and Institute of Molecular Medicine, University of Texas Houston Medical School, Houston, TX, 77030, USA
- SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (2005), 127(13), 4625-4631 CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The allosteric regulator BAY-41-2272 converts the CO adduct of soluble guanylyl cyclase (CO-sGC) enzyme from a low- to high-output form, with respect to production of cGMP. Resonance Raman (RR) and Fourier Transform IR (FTIR) spectroscopic techniques are used to show that the CO-sGC exists as major and minor conformers, both having v(Fe-CO) and v(C-O) modes characteristic of 6-coordinate species. It is further shown that addition of BAY-41-2272 to the CO adduct induces the transition of some fraction of the initial CO-heme adducts into two new CO-heme complexes, the fractional conversion being dependent on the temperature One new complex displays vibrational modes characteristic of pentacoordinated CO-adduct, and its formation is not affected by temperature The second complex, although slightly different from the original CO-adducts, is hexacoordinated, and its formation is facilitated by temperature The production of substantial amts.

of the

5-coordinate CO adduct upon addition of BAY-41-2272, reveals the fact that several out-of-plane heme deformation modes are simultaneously activated, an observation similar to that realized upon NO activation. While the precise nature of these modes will require elucidation by isotopic labeling expts., by analogy with earlier studies of other heme proteins, several bands associated with modes attributable to peripheral substituent deformations and methine carbon movements are implicated. The documented formation of two new forms upon addition of Bay-41-2272 (a 5-coordinate and a new 6-coordinate form) is discussed with respect to the implications for enzyme activation.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY-41-2272

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)

(resonance Raman and FTIR studies of high-output forms of human soluble guanylyl cyclase reveal 5-coordinate form and new 6-coordinate form of Co adduct upon addition of Bay-41-2272 with soluble guanylyl cyclase)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

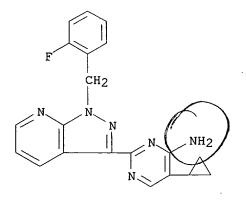
- L4 ANSWER 11 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:184188 CAPLUS
- DN 142:329797
- TI Inhibitory effects on human eosinophil chemotaxis in vitro by BAY 41-2272, an activator of nitric oxide—independent site of soluble guanylate cyclase
- AU Thomazzi, Sara M.; Moreira, Juliana; De Nucci, Gilberto; Antunes, Edson
- CS Faculty of Medical Sciences, Department of Pharmacology, UNICAMP, Campinas (SP), 13084-971, Brazil
- SO Biochemical Pharmacology (2005), 69(6), 875-882 CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952
- PB Elsevier B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB This study was designed to investigate the effects of the 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]pyrimidin-4-ylamine (BAY 41-2272) on formyl-methionyl-leucyl-phenylalanine (fMLP; 10-7 M)-induced human eosinophil chemotaxis, cyclic quanosine-3',5'-monophosphate (cGMP) and cyclic adenosine-3',5'monophosphate (cAMP) levels. Human eosinophils were pretreated or not with 3-isobutyl-1-methyl-xanthine (IBMX; 500 μM), and then exposed to BAY 41-2272 (0.1-10.0 μ M) for either short (10 min) or prolonged (90 min) time periods. Exposition of eosinophils with BAY 41-2272 for either 10 min or 90 min markedly inhibited the eosinophil chemotaxis, independently of IBMX pretreatment. Inhibition of fMLP-induced eosinophil chemotaxis by BAY 41-2272 (in absence of prior treatment with IBMX) was about of the same irresp. if cells were exposed for 10 min or 90 min with this compound In IBMX-pretreated eosinophils, the inhibition of fMLP-induced chemotaxis by BAY 41-2272 in the 10-min exposure protocols was even higher in comparison with the 90-min protocols. Incubation of IBMX-treated eosinophils for 90 min with BAY 41-2272 resulted in 2.0-2.5 times higher levels of cGMP and cAMP compared with the 10-min protocols. The BAY 41-2272-induced cGMP increases were abolished by pre-incubation of eosinophils with the soluble guanylate cyclase inhibitor 1H-[1,2,4]oxidiazolo[4,3-a] quinoxalin-1-one (ODQ). No eosinophil toxicity was observed in any exptl. condition, according to 3-(4,5-dimethylthiazol-2-yl)-2,5 di-Ph tetrazolium bromide (MTT) assay. Our findings show that inhibitory effects of fMLP-induced human eosinophil chemotaxis by BAY 41-2272 at short-term or prolonged exposition time are accompanied by significant elevations of cGMP and cAMP, but we could not detect a clear correlation between chemotaxis inhibition and elevation of cyclic nucleotide levels.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)
 - (inhibitory effects on human eosinophil chemotaxis in vitro by BAY 41-2272, an activator of nitric oxide-independent site of soluble guanylate cyclase)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 48 THERE ARE 48 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 12 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:171754 CAPLUS
- DN 142:274428
- TI Localization and characterization of cGMP-immunoreactive structures in rat brain slices after NO-dependent and NO-independent stimulation of soluble guanylyl cyclase
- AU Van Staveren, Wilma C. G.; Markerink-Van Ittersum, Marjanne; Steinbusch, Harry W. M.; Behrends, Soenke; De Vente, Jan
- CS European Graduate School of Neuroscience (EURON), Department of Psychiatry and Neuropsychology, Division Cellular Neuroscience, UNS50, Maastricht University, Maastricht, 6200 MD, Neth.
- SO Brain Researth (2005), 1036(1-2), 77-89 CODEN: BRREAF; ISSN: 0006-8993
- PB Elsevier B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Possible differences in the localization of the cGMP response were AB investigated in rat brain coronal slices after in vitro incubation and NO-dependent or NO-independent stimulation of soluble quanylyl cyclase (sGC). Dose-dependent stimulation of cGMP synthesis by the NO donors, sodium nitroprusside, S-nitrosoglutathione, 3-morpholinosydnonimine and diethylamino-NONOate was studied in the somatoparietal cortex, the hippocampus and the thalamus. The cGMP accumulation was evaluated using a RIA and by measuring cGMP-immunofluorescence using image anal. All four NO donors induced similar cGMP staining patterns in the somatoparietal cortex, the hippocampus and the thalamus. NO-mediated cGMP synthesis in the cortical areas colocalized predominantly with the acetylcholine transporter and occasionally with parvalbumin (GABAergic cells) or the neuronal glutamate transporter. Incubation of the slices in the combined presence of a NO donor and the NO-independent activators YC-1 or BAY 41-2272 strongly potentiated cGMP synthesis and induced abundant cGMP-immunoreactivity in cortical GABAergic and glutamatergic cells. These findings indicate that the mechanism of NO release from the NO donors used does not determine the location of the cGMP response. The results suggest that YC-1 and BAY 41-2272 trigger a NO-sensing mechanism in cells in which the sGC is otherwise not sensitive to NO.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study) (cGMP-immunoreactive structures localization and characterization in rat brain slices after nitric oxide-dependent and -independent stimulation of soluble guanylyl cyclase)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 66 THERE ARE 66 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L4
     ANSWER 13 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2005:120761 CAPLUS
DN
     142:191266
     soluble guanylate cyclase activator and ACE-inhibitor for the treatment of
TI
     cardiovascular or metabolic disorders
IN
     Fox, David Nathan Abraham; Karran, Eric Howard
     Pfizer Limited, UK; Pfizer Inc.
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 27 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LА
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 ĎATE.
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                         ____
     WO 2005011727
                                            WO 2004-IB2469
                               20050210
                                                                    20040726
PΤ
                          Α1
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CA, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, LL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
             TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
     US 2005059660
                          Α1
                                20050317
                                            US 2004-902316
                                                                    20040729
PRAI GB 2003-18094
                                20030801
                          Α
     US 2003-500748P
                          Ρ
                                20030904
     The invention discloses combinations comprising (a) an activator of soluble
AB
     guanylate cyclase and (b) an inhibitor of angiotensin converting enzyme
     (ACE) for treating a cardiovascular or metabolic disorder, in particular
     hypertension or diabetes.
IT
     256376-24-6, BAY41-2272 256498-66-5, Bay41-8543
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (soluble guanylate cyclase activator and ACE-inhibitor for treatment of
        cardiovascular or metabolic disorders)
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
RN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
CN
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4ANSWER 14 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:24778 CAPLUS
- DN 142:296013
- ΤI Expression and activity of soluble guanylate cyclase in injury and repair of anti-thyl glomerulonephritis
- Peters, Harm; Wang, Yingrui; Loof, Tanja; Martini, Sebastian; Kron, Susanne; Kraemer, Stephanie; Neumayer, Hans-H. ΑU
- Department of Nephrology and Center of Cardiovascular Research, Charite CS Medicine Berlin, Humboldt University, Berlin, Germany Kidney International (2004), 66(6), 2224-2236
- SO CODEN: KDYIA5; ISSN:\0085-2538
- PB Blackwell Publishing, Inc.
- DTJournal
- LΑ English
- AΒ Background. Activation of soluble guanylate cyclase and generation of cyclic 3',5'-quanosine monophosphate (cGMP) is the main signal transducing event of the L-arginine-nitric oxide pathway. The present study analyzes the expression and activity of the nitric oxide-cGMP signaling cascade in and the effect of the specific soluble quanylate cyclase stimulator Bay 41-2272 on the early injury and subsequent repair phase of acute anti-thyl glomerulonephritis. Methods. Anti-thyl glomerulonephritis was induced by OX-7 antibody injection in rats. In protocol 1 (injury), Bay 41-2272 was given starting 6 days before antibody injection. One day after disease induction, parameters of mesangial cell injury (glomerular cell number and inducible nitric oxide synthesis) were analyzed. In protocol 2 (repair), Bay 41-2272 treatment was started one day after antibody injection. On day 7, parameters of glomerular repair [glomerular matrix score, expression of transforming growth factor (TGF)- β 1, fibronectin, and plasminogen-activator-inhibitor (PAI)-1, infiltration with macrophages and fibrinogen deposition (indicating platelet localization)] were determined In both protocols, tail bleeding time, systolic blood pressure, plasma cGMP levels, glomerular mRNA expression of endothelial nitric oxide synthase (eNOS), α 1. and β 1 soluble guanylate cyclase, and basal and nitric oxide-stimulated glomerular cGMP production were analyzed. Results. Bay 41-2272 prolonged bleeding time, reduced blood pressure, and increased plasma cGMP levels in both protocols. In the injury experiment, disease induction increased inducible nitric oxide synthesis and reduced glomerular cell number, while expression and activity of soluble guanylate cyclase was almost completely diminished. Bay 41-2272 did not affect parameters of mesangial cell injury and glomerular soluble guanylate cyclase expression and activity. In the repair protocol, expression and activity of soluble guanylate cyclase was markedly increased by disease. Bay 41-2272 further enhanced soluble guanylate cyclase expression and activity. went along with significant redns. in proteinuria, glomerular matrix accumulation, expression of TGF- β 1, fibronectin, and PAI-1, macrophage infiltration and fibrinogen deposition as compared to the untreated anti-thyl animals. Conclusion. Glomerular nitric oxide signaling via cGMP is markedly impaired during injury of anti-thyl glomerulonephritis, while it is highly up-regulated during subsequent repair. Further pharmacol. soluble guanylate cyclase stimulation limits glomerular TGF-eta overexpression and matrix expansion, suggesting that the soluble guanylate cyclase enzyme represents an important antifibrotic pathway in glomerular disease.
- ΙT **256376-24-6**, Bay 41-2272
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (expression and activity of soluble quanylate cyclase in injury and repair of anti-thyl glomerulonephritis)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 15 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:1009105 CAPLUS

DN 142:233190

TI A comparative study of sildenafil, NCX-911 and BAY41-2272 on the anococcygeus muscle of diabetic rats

AU Kalsi, Jasjit S.; Ralph, David J.; Madge, David J.; Kell, Phil D.; Cellek, Selim

CS Wolfson Institute for Biomedical Research, University College London, London, WC2E 6BT, UK

SO International Journal of Impotence Research (2004), 16(6), 479-485 CODEN: IJIRFB; ISSN: 0955-9930

PB Nature Publishing Group

DT Journal

LA English

AB We compared the effects of a nitric oxide (NO)-releasing sildenafil (NCX-911), NO-independent soluble guanylate cyclase activator (BAY41-2272) and sildenafil on the anococcygeus muscle from streptozotocin-induced 16-wk diabetic rats. NCX-911, BAY41-2272 and sildenafil reduced the phenylephrine-induced tone in the control group (EC50=1088.8±165.0, 151.6 ± 9.3 and 827.1 ± 167.3 nM, resp.). The potencies of NCX-911 and BAY41-2272 were not altered, but that of sildenafil was significantly reduced in the diabetic group. EC50 values for NCX-911, BAY41-2272 and sildenafil in the diabetic group were 1765.9±303.5, 209.7±27.3 and 2842.2±640.3 nM, resp. (P<0.05 for sildenafil). Nitrergic relaxation responses were significantly decreased in the diabetic group. The remaining nitrergic relaxation responses were potentiated by BAY41-2272 but not by sildenafil or NCX-911. These results confirm that endogenous NO derived from nitrergic nerves is significantly decreased in diabetes, and suggest that NO-releasing PDE5 inhibitors and NO-independent soluble guanylate cyclase activators could be more useful than PDE5 inhibitors in the treatment of ED in long-term diabetes.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY41-2272

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(BAY41-2272 had significant potency to reduce phenylephrine-induced tone, to reverse reduction in nitrergic response in anococcygeus muscle of diabetic rat with severe nitric oxide deficiency suggesting use in erectile dysfunction)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 16 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L4

AN 2004:922044 CAPLUS

DN 142:348546

Effects of the sGC stimulator BAY 41-2272 are not mediated by ΤI phosphodiesterase 5 inhibition. Reply to comments

Mullershausen, Florian; Russwurm, Michael; Friebe, Andreas; Koesling, ΑU

CS

Med. Fak., Inst. Pharmakol. Toxikol., Germany Circulation (2004), 110(12), e320-e321 SO CODEN: CIRCAZ; ISSN: 0009-7322

PB Lippincott Williams & Wilkins

DTJournal

LΑ English

AΒ A polemic in response to Bischoff and Stasch (Circulation 2004, 110, e320) is given. The effects of BAY 41-2272 on platelet cGMP cannot be solely explained by activation of guanylyl cyclase (GC) but by the combined action on GC and phosphodiesterase type 5.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)

(guanylyl cyclase and phosphodiesterase 5 in mechanism of BAY 41-2272)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-CN pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 17 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:922042 CAPLUS

DN 142:348545

Effects of the sGC_stimulator BAY 41-2272 are not mediated by ΤI phosphodiesterase 5 inhibition. Comments

AU

CS

Bischoff, Erwin; Stasch, Johannes-Peter
Cardiovascular Research, Bayer HealthCare, Wuppertal, Germany
Circulation (2004), 110(12), e320
CODEN: CIRCAZ; ISSN: 0009-7322 SO

Lippincott Williams & Wilkins PB

DTJournal

LΑ English

A polemic in response to Mullershausen et al. (Circulation 2004, 109, AB 1711-1713) is given. Bischoff and Stasch claim that Mullershausen et al. overestimated the potency of BAY 41-2272 on phosphodiesterase type 5 and underestimated its potency on guanylyl cyclase.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272 RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study)

(BAY 41-2272 effect on phosphodiesterase 5 and guanylyl cyclase)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1Hpyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 18 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:815724 CAPLUS
- DN 142:169648
- TI Soluble Guanylate Cyclase Activator Reverses Acute Pulmonary Hypertension and Augments the Pulmonary Vasodilator Response to Inhaled Nitric Oxide in Awake Lambs
- AU Evgenov, Oleg V.; Ichinose, Fumito; Evgenov, Natalia V.; Gnoth, Mark J.; Falkowski, George E.; Chang, Yuchiao; Bloch, Kenneth D.; Zapol, Warren M.
- CS Department of Anesthesia and Critical Care, Massachusetts General Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, USA
- SO Circulation (2004), 110(15), 2253-2259 CODEN: CIRCAZ; ISSN: 0009-7322
- PB Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Background: Inhaled nitric oxide (NO) is a potent and selective pulmonary vasodilator, which induces cGMP synthesis by activating soluble quanylate cyclase (sGC) in ventilated lung regions. Carbon monoxide (CO) has also been proposed to influence smooth muscle tone via activation of sGC. We examined whether direct stimulation of sGC by BAY 41-2272 would produce pulmonary vasodilation and augment the pulmonary responses to inhaled NO or CO. Methods and Results: In awake, instrumented lambs, the thromboxane analog U-46619 was i.v. administered to increase mean pulmonary arterial pressure to 35 mm Hg. I.v. infusion of BAY 41-2272 (0.03, 0.1, and 0.3 mg · kg-1 · h-1) reduced mean pulmonary arterial pressure and pulmonary vascular resistance and increased transpulmonary cGMP release in a dose-dependent manner. Larger doses of BAY 41-2272 also produced systemic vasodilation and elevated the cardiac index. ${\tt N}{\omega}{ ext{-nitro-L-arginine}}$ Me ester abolished the systemic but not the pulmonary vasodilator effects of BAY 41-2272. Furthermore, infusing BAY 41-2272 at 0.1 mg \cdot kg-1 \cdot h-1 potentiated and prolonged the pulmonary vasodilation induced by inhaled NO (2, 10, and 20 ppm). In contrast, inhaled CO (50, 250, and 500 ppm) had no effect on U-46619-induced pulmonary vasoconstriction before or during administration of BAY 41-2272. Conclusions: In lambs with acute pulmonary hypertension, BAY 41-2272 is a potent pulmonary vasodilator that augments and prolongs the pulmonary vasodilator response to inhaled NO. Direct pharmacol. stimulation of sGC, either alone or in combination with inhaled NO, may provide a novel approach for the treatment of pulmonary hypertension.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (sGC activator BAY 41-2272 counteracted U-46619-induced acute PH, increased transpulmonary cGMP release, enhanced and prolonged pulmonary vasodilator response to inhaled NO but not to CO in lambs)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 19 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN L4

ΑN 2004:778543 CAPLUS

DN 141:271569

ΤI Use of stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase for the treatment of pulmonary hypertension

Weigand, Stefan; Frey, Reiner; Stasch, Johannes-Peter IN

PA Bayer Healthcare A.-G., Germany

so Ger. Offen., 5 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

DTPatent

German LΑ

FAN.CNT 1

PΙ

PATENT NO. KIND ⁄ĎΑΤΕ APPLICATION NO. DATE DE 2003-10310908 DE 10310908 **A**1 20040923 20030313 20030313 PRAI DE 2003-10310908

OS MARPAT 141:271569

AΒ The invention discloses the use of stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase for the production of a medicament for treatment of pulmonary hypertension. Compds. of the invention include I (R1 = 4-pyridinyl, 3-pyridinyl; R2 = H, NH2, C1).

402595-29-3 IT

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(soluble quanylate cyclase stimulators for treatment of pulmonary hypertension)

RN 402595-29-3 CAPLUS

4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-CN 3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L4 ANSWER 20 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:288993 CAPLUS
- DN 141:360387
- TI Inhibition of Phosphodiesterase Type 5 by the Activator of Nitric Oxide-Sensitive Guanylyl Cyclase BAY 41-2272
- AU Mullershausen, Florian; Russwurm, Michael; Friebe, Andreas; Koesling,
- CS Medizinische Fakultaet, Institut fuer Pharmakologie und Toxikologie, Ruhr-Universitaet Bochum, Bochum, 44780, Germany
- SO Circulation (2004), 109(14), 1711-1713 CODEN: CIRCAZ; ISSN: 0009-7322
- PB Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Background- By the formation of cGMP, nitric oxide (NO)-sensitive guanylyl cyclase (GC) acts as the effector for the signaling mol. NO and mediates the relaxation of vascular smooth muscle and the inhibition of platelet aggregation. The compds. YC-1 and BAY 41-2272 are regarded as NO-independent activators and sensitizers of NO-sensitive GC. In vivo effects, for example, lowering blood pressure and prolonging tail-bleeding times, turn the compds. into promising candidates for the therapy of cardiovascular diseases. However, YC-1 has also been shown to inhibit the major cGMP-degrading enzyme phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5). synergistic properties of YC-1 on cGMP formation and degradation lead to an excessive NO-induced cGMP accumulation in cells, explaining the observed physiol. effects. We assessed a potential inhibition of PDE5 by the new GC activator BAY 41-2272. Methods and Results- The effects of BAY 41-2272 on NO-sensitive GC and PDE5 activities were tested in vitro. BAY 41-2272 not only sensitized NO-sensitive GC toward activation by NO but also, with comparable potency, inhibited cGMP degradation by PDE5. In intact platelets, BAY 41-2272 greatly potentiated the NO-induced cGMP response that was caused by a synergistic effect of BAY 41-2272 on cGMP formation and degradation Conclusions- The physiol. effects of BAY 41-2272, which are commonly ascribed to the NO-independent activation of NO-sensitive GC, are rather due to the synergism of sensitization of NO-sensitive GC and inhibition of PDE5.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (BAY 41-2272 not only sensitized NO-sensitive GC toward activation by NO but also inhibited cGMP degradation by PDE5 thereby elevating cGMP levels by synergistic effect in human platelets)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L4
     ANSWER 21 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     2004:218477 CAPLUS
AN
     140:253560
DN
     Preparation of pyrazoles as inhibitors of cGMP degradation for the
ΤI
     treatment of treatment of cardiovascular diseases
IN
     Feurer, Achim; Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Weigand, Stefan; Kern, Armin
     Bayer A.-G., Germany
PA
SO
     Ger. Offen., 8 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                         ____
PΤ
     DE 10242941
                          A1
                                20040318
                                            DE 2002-10242941
                                                                    20020916
                                            WO 2003-EP9759
                                                                    20030903
     WO 2004031187
                          Α1
                                20040415
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN,
             TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI DE 2002-10242941
                                20020916
                          Α
     Title compound I was prepared from 2-fluorophenylhydrazine and
     4-pyridylacetonitrile. For example, condensation of carboximidamide II
     hydrochloride, e.g., prepared from 2-fluorophenylhydrazine in 6-steps, and
     propenenitrile III, e.g., prepared from 4-pyridylacetonitrile in 2-steps,
     afforded compound I in 31%. In aorta vessel relaxation studies, pyrazole I
     exhibited an IC50 value of 286 nM. Compound I was claimed useful for the
     treatment of cardiovascular diseases.
     671241-02-4P
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (preparation of pyrazoles as inhibitors of cGMP degradation for the
treatment of
        central nervous system diseases)
RN
     671241-02-4 CAPLUS
CN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-
```

3-yl]-5-(1-oxido-4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/521,538

L4 ANSWER 22 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2004:146763 CAPLUS

DN 140:299396

TI Functional Characterization of Nitric Oxide and YC-1 Activation of Soluble Guanylyl Cyclase: Structural Implication for the YC-1 Binding Site?

AU Lamothe, Maria; Chang, Fu-Jung; Balashova, Nataliya; Shirokov, Roman; Beuve, Annie

CS Department of Pharmacology and Physiology New Jersey Medical School, University of Medicine and Dentistry of New Jersey, Newark, NJ, 07103, USA

SO Biochemistry (2004), 43(11), 3039-3048 CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Soluble quanylyl cyclase (sGC) is a heterodimeric enzyme formed by an α subunit and a β subunit, the latter containing the heme where nitric oxide (NO) binds. When NO binds, the basal activity of sGC is increased several hundred fold. SGC activity is also increased by YC-1, a benzylindazole allosteric activator. In the presence of NO, YC-1 synergistically increases the catalytic activity of sGC by enhancing the affinity of NO for the heme. The site of interaction of YC-1 with sGC is unknown. The authors conducted a mutational anal. to identify the binding site and to determine what residues were involved in the propagation of NO and/or YC-1 activation. Because guanylyl cyclases (GCs) and adenylyl cyclases (ACs) are homologous, the authors used the three-dimensional structure of AC to guide the mutagenesis. Biochem. anal. of purified mutants revealed that YC-1 increases the catalytic activity not only by increasing the NO affinity but also by increasing the efficacy of NO. Effects of YC-1 on NO affinity and efficacy were dissociated by single-point mutations implying that YC-1 has, at least, two types of interaction with sGC. A structural model predicts that YC-1 may adopt two configurations in one site that is pseudosym. with the GTP binding site and equivalent to the forskolin site in AC.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (ligand; functional characterization of nitric oxide and YC-1 activation of soluble guanylyl cyclase in relation to YC-1 allosteric sitesq)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

- L4 ANSWER 23 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2004:131082 CAPLUS
- DN 140:216126
- TI Antiinflammatory activity of soluble guanylate cyclase: cGMP-dependent down-regulation of P-selectin expression and leukocyte recruitment
- AU Ahluwalia, Amrita; Foster, Paul; Scotland, Ramona S.; McLean, Peter G.; Mathur, Anthony, Perretti, Mauro; Moncada, Salvador; Hobbs, Adrian J.
- CS William Harvey Research Institute, London, EC1M 6BQ, UK
- SO Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2004), 101(5), 1386-1391 CODEN: RNASA6; JSSN: 0027-8424
- PB National Academy of Sciences
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Nitric oxide (NO) production by the vascular endothelium maintains an essential antiinflammatory, cytoprotective influence on the blood vessel wall. A key component of this activity is attributed to prevention of leukocyte-endothelial cell interactions, yet the underlying mechanisms remain unclear. The NO receptor, soluble quanylate cyclase (sGC), is expressed in endothelial cells but fulfils an unknown function. Therefore, we used intravital microscopy in mesenteric postcapillary venules from WT and endothelial nitric oxide synthase (eNOS) knockout (eNOS-/-) mice, and an sGC activator (BAY 41-2272), to investigate a potential role for sGC in the regulation of adhesion mol. expression and leukocyte recruitment. Leukocyte rolling and adhesion was 6-fold greater in eNOS-/- than WT animals. BAY 41-2272 and the NO-donor, diethylamine-NONOate, reduced leukocyte rolling and adhesion in eNOS-/mice to levels observed in WT animals. These effects were blocked by the sGC inhibitor ODQ [1H-(1,2,4)oxadiazolo(4,3-a)quinoxalin-1-one], which itself caused a 6-fold increase in leukocyte rolling and adhesion in WT mice. Increased leukocyte rolling and adhesion in $IL-1\beta$ -treated mice was also inhibited by BAY 41-2272. Fluorescence-activated cell sorting anal. in vitro and a specific P-selectin neutralizing antibody in vivo revealed that selective down-regulation of P-selectin expression accounted for the antiadhesive effects of sGC activation. These data demonstrate that sGC plays a key antiinflammatory role by inhibiting P-selectin expression and leukocyte recruitment.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (non-nitric oxide-based soluble guanylate cyclase activator)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 24 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L4
ΑN
     2004:80686
                CAPLUS
DN
     140:146157
TТ
     Preparation of pyrazolopyridinylpyrimidines as inhibitors of cGMP
     degradation for the treatment of central nervous system diseases
     Feurer, Achim; Luithle, Joachim; Wirtz, Stephan-nicholas; Koeniq, Gerhard;
IN
     Stasch, Johannes-peter; Stahl, Elke; Schreiber, Rudy; Wunder, Frank; Lang,
PA
     Bayer Healthcare Ag, Germany
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 96 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
     Patent
LA
     German
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                         ____
                                             _____
     WO 2004009589
PΙ
                          A1
                                .20040129
                                            WO 2003-EP7238
                                                                     20030707
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
             TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
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             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     DE 10232572
                          A1
                                 20040205
                                             DE 2002-10232572
                                                                     20020718
     CA 2492723
                          AΑ
                                 20040129
                                             CA 2003-2492723
                                                                     20030707
     EP 1525202
                                 20050427
                                             EP 2003-764943
                          Α1
                                                                     20030707
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
PRAI DE 2002-10232572
                          Α
                                 20020718
     WO 2003-EP7238
                          W
                                 20030707
     MARPAT 140:146157
     Title compds. I [R1 = (un)substituted aryl, heteroaryl, benzodioxole,
     etc.] and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepared For
     example, palladium mediated coupling of bromide I [R1 = Br], e.g., prepared
     from 2-fluorobenzylhydrazine in 6-steps, and cyclohexanone afforded
     pyrazolopyridinylpyrimidine II in 29% yield. In cGMP degradation inhibition
     assays, 10-examples of compds. I exhibited a significant increase (sic) in
     cGMP concentration at 0.27-1.2 \mu M inhibitor concentration Compds. I are
claimed
     useful for the treatment of learning, concentration and perception disorders.
IT
     651339-98-9P 651340-02-2P 651341-09-2P
     651341-11-6P 651341-13-8P 651341-17-2P
     651341-21-8P 651341-24-1P 651341-38-7P
     651341-40-1P 651341-59-2P
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
        (target compound; preparation of pyrazolopyridinylpyrimidines as inhibitors
of
        cGMP degradation for the treatment of central nervous system diseases)
     651339-98-9 CAPLUS
RN
CN
     2,5-Diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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RN 651340-02-2 CAPLUS

CN 6-0xa-2,10-diazaspiro[4.6]undecane, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651341-09-2 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane-2-carboxylic acid, 5-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651341-11-6 CAPLUS

CN 9-Oxa-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane-3-carboxylic acid, 7-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651341-13-8 CAPLUS

CN 6-Oxa-2,9-diazaspiro[4.5]decane-9-carboxylic acid, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651341-17-2 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyrrolidinol, 1-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-, (3S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 651341-21-8 CAPLUS

CN Carbamic acid, [1-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-3-pyrrolidinyl]methyl-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651341-24-1 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyrrolidinol, 1-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-, (3R)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 651341-38-7 CAPLUS

CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-6-hydroxy-5-(8-oxa-3-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651341-40-1 CAPLUS

CN 8-0xa-3-azabicyclo[3.2.1]octane, 3-[4,6-dichloro-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651341-59-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-[(3R)-3-[(triethylsilyl)oxy]-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 651339-80-9P 651339-82-1P 651339-85-4P 651339-87-6P 651339-89-8P 651339-91-2P 651339-93-4P 651339-96-7P 651340-00-0P 651340-05-5P 651340-07-7P 651340-10-2P 651340-13-5P 651340-16-8P 651340-19-1P 651340-22-6P 651340-25-9P 651340-28-2P 651340-31-7P 651340-34-0P 651340-45-3P 651340-47-5P 651340-49-7P 651340-52-2P 651340-55-5P 651340-58-8P 651340-61-3P 651340-65-7P 651340-68-0P 651340-71-5P 651340-74-8P 651340-78-2P 651340-81-7P 651340-84-0P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(target compound; preparation of pyrazolopyridinylpyrimidines as inhibitors

of

cGMP degradation for the treatment of central nervous system diseases)

RN 651339-80-9 CAPLUS

CN 6-Azabicyclo[3.2.1]octane, 6-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-1,3,3-trimethyl-, (1R,5S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 651339-82-1 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-(hexahydro-5-methylpyrrolo[3,4-b]pyrrol-1(2H)-yl)-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651339-85-4 CAPLUS

CN 4,7-Epoxy-1H-isoindole, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]octahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651339-87-6 CAPLUS

CN Pyrrolo[3,4-b]pyrrolizine, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]decahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651339-89-8 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyrrolidinemethanol, 1-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-4-(methylamino)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651339-91-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-[(3R,4R)-3,4-dimethoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-, rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

RN 651339-93-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-[(3R)-3-ethoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 651339-96-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-[(3R)-3-methoxy-1-piperidinyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 651340-00-0 CAPLUS

CN 9-0xa-3,7-diazabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane, 3-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-05-5 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyrrolidinamine, 1-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-07-7 CAPLUS

CN Cyclohexanone, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-10-2 CAPLUS

CN Cyclohexanone, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-4,4-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-13-5 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-5-(1-methylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-16-8 CAPLUS

CN 5-Aza-2-azoniabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane, 5-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-2,2-dimethyl-, chloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● c1-

RN 651340-19-1 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Diazabicyclo[2.2.1]heptane, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-22-6 CAPLUS

CN 6-0xa-2,10-diazaspiro[4.6]undecane, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-10-methyl-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●x HCl

RN 651340-25-9 CAPLUS

CN 8-Oxa-3-azabicyclo[3.2.1]octane, 3-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-28-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-[(3S)-3-methoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 651340-31-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-[(3R)-3-methoxy-1-pyrrolidinyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 651340-34-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-(5-cyclopropyl-1-methyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-37-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-(1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-39-5 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-(5-phenyl-2-pyrimidinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-42-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-45-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-(2-fluorophenyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-47-5 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-49-7 CAPLUS

CN lH-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, l-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-52-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzonitrile, 3-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-55-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzenemethanol, 2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-58-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-(2-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-61-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-(3-fluoro-4-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-65-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-(5-cyclopropyl-4-isoxazolyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-68-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 4-fluoro-2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-71-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzoic acid, 5-fluoro-2-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-, ethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-74-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-(3-cyclopropyl-1H-pyrazol-4-yl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-78-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-[5-cyclopropyl-1-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)-1H-pyrazol-4-yl]-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-81-7 CAPLUS

CN 3-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 651340-84-0 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-(2-methoxy-4-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 25 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L4
AN
     2003:931183 CAPLUS
DN
     140:5064
TI
     Preparation of 2-(1-benzyl-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl)-5-pyridin-4-
     ylpyrimidin-4-amine as guanylate cyclase stimulators
     Weigand, Stefan; Bischoff, Erwin; Muenter, Klaus; Stasch, Johannes-peter;
IN
     Stahl, Elke
                                                                Commen In
PA
     Bayer Aktiengesellschaft, Germany
     PCT Int. Appl., 58 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Ýatent
LΑ
     German
FAN. CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                            ------
                                                                    20030505
PΙ
     WO 2003097063
                                20031127
                                            WO 2003-EP4668
                          Α1
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
             TZ, UA, UG, US, /UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     DE 10222550
                          A1
                                20031127
                                            DE 2002-10222550
                                                                    20020517
     CA 2485872
                          AA
                                20031127
                                            CA 2003-2485872
                                                                    20030505
                                            EP 2003-722593
     EP 1509228
                                20050302
                          A1
                                                                    20030505
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
PRAI DE 2002-10222550
                          Α
                                20020517
     WO 2003-EP4668
                          W
                                20030505
os
     MARPAT 140:5064
AB
     Title compds. [I; Rl = Cl, F, cyano, CF3, OMe; R2 = H, F] salts, isomers,
     and hydrates thereof were prepd as guanylate cyclase stimulators (no
             Thus, 2-(1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-y1)-5-(4-pyridiny1)-4-
     pyrimidinylamine (preparation given) in DMF was stirred with Na2CO3 for 1 h at
        followed by stirring with 2-cyanobenzyl bromide over night at
     50° to give 48\frac{1}{8} 2-(3-[4-amino-5-(4-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1H-
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-1-yl)methylbenzonitrile.
IT
     627076-58-8P 627076-59-9P 627076-60-2P
     627076-61-3P 627076-62-4P 627076-63-5P
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (preparation of (benzylpyrazolopyridinyl)pyridinylpyrimidinamine as
        guanylate cyclase stimulators)
RN
     627076-58-8 CAPLUS
CN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-chlorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-
     3-y1]-5-(4-pyridiny1)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

RN 627076-59-9 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2,3-difluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 627076-60-2 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-(4-pyridinyl)-2-[1-[[2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 627076-61-3 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2,4-difluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-

b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 627076-62-4 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-methoxyphenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 627076-63-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzonitrile, 2-[[3-[4-amino-5-(4-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-1-yl]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 402595-29-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of (benzylpyrazolopyridinyl)pyridinylpyrimidinamine as guanylate cyclase stimulators)

RN 402595-29-3 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L4
    ANSWER 26 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2003:875157 CAPLUS
     139:358773
DN
     Novel use of guanylate cyclase activators for the treatment of respiratory
ΤI
     Grimminger, Friedrich Josef; Schermuly, Ralph; Schudt, Christian
IN
     Altana Pharma Ag, Germany
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 43 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
PT
    WO 2003090870
                          Α1
                                20031106
                                            WO 2003-EP4243
                                                                    20030424
         W: AE, AL, AU, BA, BR, CA, CN, CO, CU, DZ, EC, GE, HR, ID, IL, IN,
             IS, JP, KR, LT, LV, MA, MK,/MX, NO, NZ, PH, PL, RO, SG, TN, UA,
             US, VN, YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, KU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE,
             DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR
                                20031029
                                            EP 2002-9552
     EP 1356849
                          Α1
                                                                    20020426
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                                20031106
                                            CA 2003-2484089
     CA 2484089
                                                                    20030424
                          AA
     EP 1501605
                                20050202
                                            EP 2003-722539
                                                                    20030424
                          A1
            AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
                                            JP 2003-587493
     JP 2005524695
                          T2
                                20050818
                                                                    20030424
     US 2005181066
                                            US 2003-512547
                                20050818
                                                                    20030424
                          A1
PRAI EP 2002-9552
                          Α
                                20020426
     WO 2003-EP4243
                          W
                                20030424
AB
     The invention relates to the novel use of guanylate cyclase activators for
     the treatment of partial and global respiratory failure. The object of
     the present invention is thus to provide a substance which, on oral, i.v.
     or else inhalational administration, leads on the one hand to the
     preferred dilatation of vessels in the pulmonary circulation (pulmonary
     selectivity) and, at the same time, to a redistribution of the blood flow
     within the lung in favor of the well-ventilated areas (intrapulmonary
     selectivity). It has now been found, surprisingly, that guanylate cyclase
     activators are suitable for the treatment of patients having the
     abovementioned mismatch. Administration of guanylate cyclase activators
     leads to dilatation of vessels in the pulmonary circulation and, at the
     same time, to a redistribution of the blood flow within the lung in favor
     of the well-ventilated areas. This principle, referred to hereinafter as
     rematching, leads to an improvement in the gas exchange function both at
     rest and during phys. exercise.
TT
     256376-24-6, BAY-41-2272 256498-66-5, BAY-41-8543
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (novel use of guanylate cyclase activators for treatment of respiratory
        insufficiency in relation to vasodilating activity and combination with
        other agents)
RN
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
CN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
```

pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L4
    ANSWER 27 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2003:855841 CAPLUS
     139:341820
DN
     Stents containing pyridine-substituted pyrazolopyridine derivatives for
ΤI
     the prevention and treatment of restenosis and thrombosis
     Feurer, Achim; Weigand, Stefan; Stelte-Ludwig, Beatrix; Grunkemeyer,
IN
                                                                  Journal Jank
     Jeffry-Lynn; Low, Jeffrey; Stasch, Johannes-Peter
     Bayer Aktiengesellschaft, Germany
PA
SO
     PeT Int. Appl., 45 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
    German
    CNT 1
FAN'
     PATENT
           NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                            ______
                                                                    20030416
     WO 2003089024
                                20031030
                                            WO 2003-EP3950
PΙ
                          A1
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     DE 10217799
                                20031106
                                            DE 2002-10217799
                                                                    20020422
                          A1
                                20050126
                                            EP 2003-746828
     EP 1499369
                          Α1
                                                                    20030416
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK
PRAI DE 2002-10217799
                                20020422
                          Α
                                20030416
     WO 2003-EP3950
                          W
OS
     MARPAT 139:341820
     The invention concerns stents containing compds. of formula (I) for the
AB
     prevention and treatment of restenosis and thrombosis, especially after
     percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty; the synthesis of the
     compds. is described. Stents are filled or coated with one or more of the
     drugs.
IT
     428828-70-0P 428828-74-4P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
     (Reactant or reagent)
        (stents containing pyridine-substituted pyrazolopyridine derivs. for
        prevention and treatment of restenosis and thrombosis)
RN
     428828-70-0 CAPLUS
     4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-
CN
```

b]pyridin-3-yl]-6-hydroxy-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-74-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[4,6-dichloro-5-(4-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 402595-29-3P 428828-78-8P 428828-82-4P 428828-85-7P

'RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(stents containing pyridine-substituted pyrazolopyridine derivs. for prevention and treatment of restenosis and thrombosis)

RN 402595-29-3 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-78-8 CAPLUS ·

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(3-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-82-4 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 6-chloro-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-85-7 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 28 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L4
ΑN
     2003:836860 CAPLUS
DN
     139:323533
     Preparation of (pyrimidinyl)pyrazolopyridines as stimulators of soluble
TТ
     guanylate cyclase for treating glaucoma
     Weigand, Stefan; Feurer, Achim; St<u>asc</u>h, Johannes-Peter; Huetter, Joachim
IN
     Bayer Aktiengesellschaft, Germany
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     German
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                20031023
PΙ
     WO 2003086407
                          A1
                                            WO 2003-EP3323
                                                                    20030331
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
             TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
     DE 10216145
                          A1
                                20031023
                                            DE 2002-10216145
                                                                    20020412
PRAI DE 2002-10216145
                          Α
                                20020412
os
     MARPAT 139:323533
     Title compds. [I; R1 = 4-pyridinyl, 3-pyridinyl; R2 = H, amino, halo],
AB
     were prepared as stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase for treating glaucoma
     (no data). Thus, 1-(2-fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine-3-
     carboxamidine (preparation given) and 4-[(dimethylamino)methylene]pyridineaceto
     nitrile (preparation given) in xylene were reacted with BF3.OEt2 for 19 h at
     140° to give 33% 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-
     b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)-4-pyrimidineamine.
ΙT
     402595-29-3P 428828-78-8P 428828-82-4P
     428828-85-7P
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
     (Uses)
        (preparation of (pyrimidinyl)pyrazolopyridines as stimulators of soluble
        guanylate cyclase for treating glaucoma)
RN
     402595-29-3 CAPLUS
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-
CN
     3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
```

RN 428828-78-8 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(3-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-82-4 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 6-chloro-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-85-7 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 428828-70-0P 428828-74-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of (pyrimidinyl)pyrazolopyridines as stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase for treating glaucoma)

RN 428828-70-0 CAPLUS

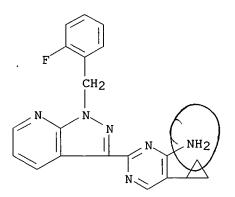
CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-6-hydroxy-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-74-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[4,6-dichloro-5-(4-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 29 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:770805 CAPLUS
- DN 140:104877
- TI Relaxing effects induced by the soluble guanylyl cyclase stimulator BAY 41-2272 in human and rabbit corpus cavernosum
- AU Baracat, Juliana S.; Teixeira, Cleber E.; Okuyama, Cristina E.; Priviero, Fernanda B. M.; Faro, Renato; Antunes, Edson; De Nucci, Gilberto
- CS UNICAMP, Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medical Sciences, Campinas, 13081-970, Brazil
- SO European Journal of Pharmacology (2003), 477(2), 163-169 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999
- PB Elsevier Science B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB 5-Cyclopropyl-2-[1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]pyrimidin-4-ylamine (BAY 41-2272) is a potent soluble guanylyl cyclase
 stimulator in a nitric oxide (NO)-independent manner. The relaxant effect
 of BAY 41-2272 was investigated in rabbit and human corpus cavernosum in
 vitro. BAY 41-2272 (0.01-10 μM) relaxed both rabbit
 (pEC50=6.82±0.06) and human (pEC50=6.12±0.10) precontracted
 cavernosal strips. The guanylyl cyclase inhibitor (ODQ, 10 μM) caused
 significant rightward shifts in the concentration-response curves for BAY
 41-2272
 - in rabbit (4.7-fold) and human (2.3-fold) tissues. The NO synthesis inhibitor (N-nitro-l-arginine Me ester (1-NAME), 100 $\mu\text{M})$ also produced similar rightward shifts, revealing that BAY 41-2272 acts synergistically with endogenous NO to elicit its relaxant effect. The results also indicate that ODQ is selective for the NO-stimulated enzyme, since relaxations evoked by BAY 41-2272 were only partly attenuated by ODQ. The present study shows that both BAY 41-2272 and sildenafil evoke relaxations independent of inhibition of haem in soluble guanylate cyclase. Moreover, there is no synergistic effect of the two compds. in corpus cavernosum.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study) (relaxing effects induced by the soluble guanylyl cyclase stimulator BAY 41-2272 in human and rabbit corpus cavernosum)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/521,538

L4 ANSWER 30 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2003:725321 CAPLUS

DN 140:174791

TI Antiplatelet properties of a novel, non-NO-based soluble guanylate cyclase activator, BAY 41-2272

AU Hobbs, Adrian J.; Moncada, Salvador

CS Cruciform Building, Wolfson Institute for Biomedical Research, University College London, London, WC1E 6AE, UK

SO Vascular Pharmacology (2003), 40(3), 149-154 CODEN: VPAHAJ; ISSN: 1537-1891

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Nitric oxide (NO) plays an important role in cardiovascular homeostasis, particularly in the regulation of vascular tone and the reactivity of platelets and circulating cells. Soluble guanylate cyclase (sGC) acts as the principal biol. target for NO and catalyzes the formation of the intracellular second messenger cyclic GMP (cGMP); activation of this enzyme is thought to be responsible for the majority of cardiovascular actions of NO. In the present study, the authors have evaluated the antiplatelet effects of a novel non-NO-based sGC activator, BAY 41-2272, in vitro and in vivo. BAY 41-2272 produced a marked inhibition of platelet aggregation in washed platelets with a potency (IC50 .apprx.100 nM) some 3-fold less than the NO donor S-nitrosoglutathione. BAY 41-2272 also prevented aggregation in platelet-rich plasma (PRP), albeit with a much lower potency. Both NO and prostacyclin exhibited synergistic activity with BAY 41-2272 to inhibit platelet aggregation. In vivo, at doses of BAY 41-2272 that significantly reduced blood pressure, the compound had little effect on FeCl3-induced thrombosis. These data confirm that intraplatelet sGC activation results in inhibition of aggregation and suggests that novel non-NO-based sGC activators, which possess both hypotensive and antiplatelet activities, may be useful as therapeutic agents.

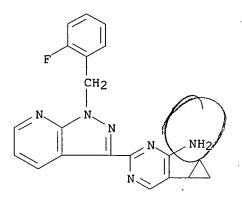
IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antiplatelet properties of non-NO-based soluble guanylate cyclase activator BAY 41-2272)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



- L4 ANSWER 31 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:638740 CAPLUS
- DN 139:272820
- TI A constitutively activated mutant of human soluble guanylyl cyclase (sGC): Implication for the mechanism of sGC activation
- AU Martin, Emil; Sharina, Iraida; Kots, Alexander; Murad, Ferid
- CS Department of Integrative Biology and Pharmacology and Institute of Molecular Medicine, University of Texas Health Science Center, Houston, TX, 77030, USA
- SO Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America (2003), 100(16), 9208-9213
 CODEN: PNASA6; ISSN: 0027-8424
- PB National Academy of Sciences
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ Heterodimeric $\alpha\beta$ soluble guanylyl cyclase (sGC) is a recognized receptor for nitric oxide (NO) and mediates many of its physiol. functions. Although it has been clear that the heme moiety coordinated by His-105 of the β subunit is crucial for mediating the activation of the enzyme by NO, it is not understood whether the heme moiety plays any role in the function of the enzyme in the absence of NO. Here we analyze the effects of biochem. and genetic removal of heme and its reconstitution on the activity of the enzyme. Detergent-induced loss of heme from the wild-type $\alpha\beta$ enzyme resulted in several-fold activation of the enzyme. This activation was inhibited after hemin reconstitution. A heme-deficient mutant $\alpha\beta Cys-105$ with Cys substituted for His-105 was constitutively active with specific activity approaching the activity of the wild-type enzyme activated by NO. However, reconstitution of mutant enzyme with heme and/or DTT treatment significantly inhibited the enzyme. Mutant enzyme reconstituted with ferrous heme was activated by NO and CO alone and showed additive effects between gaseous effectors and the allosteric activator 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-1Hpyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-yrimidin-4-ylamine. We propose that the heme moiety through its coordination with His-105 of the β subunit acts as an endogenous inhibitor of sGC. Disruption of the heme-coordinating bond induced by binding of NO releases the restrictions imposed by this bond and allows the formation of an optimally organized catalytic center in the heterodimer.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (heme prosthetic group of soluble guanylyl cyclase maintains enzyme basal state with regulatory domain in inhibited restricted conformation through coordination with axial His105 residue)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 32 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2003:638592 CAPLUS

DN 140:86777

TI Soluble guanylyl cyclase: Physiological role as an NO receptor and the potential molecular target for therapeutic application

AU Nakane, Masaki

CS Neuroscience Research, Global Pharmaceutical Research & Development, Abbott Laboratories, Abbott Park, IL, USA

SO Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine (2003), 41(7), 865-870 CODEN: CCLMFW; ISSN: 1434-6621

PB Walter de Gruyter GmbH & Co. KG

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AB A review and discussion. NO activates soluble guanylyl cyclase (sGC), which results in an increased biosynthesis of cGMP, and smooth muscle relaxation and vasodilation. The heme group in sGC binds NO and allosterically activates the catalytic site. In addition, a 2nd allosteric site that synergistically activates the enzyme has been reported. BAY 41-2272 has been reported as an NO-independent activator of sGC. Treatment with this compound results in anti-platelet activity, a decrease in blood pressure, and an increase in survival, indicating a potential for treating cardiovascular diseases. YC-1, another NO-independent activator, activates sGC and the activity is enhanced in the presence of NO. relaxes tissue strips in an organ bath. Consistent with its biochem. activity, YC-1 has induced penile erection in a conscious rat model. Recently, the authors found a novel series of sGC activators (A-344905, A-350619) that also NO-independently activate sGC and cause penile erection, suggesting a synergy with endogenous NO production in vivo. Here, the author reviews the NO/cGMP signal transduction pathway and defines sGC modulators as a novel approach for the treatment of cardiovascular diseases and erectile dysfunction.

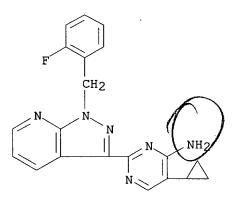
IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(physiol. role of soluble guanylyl cyclase as a nitric oxide receptor and a potential mol. target for therapeutic application)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/521,538

- L4 ANSWER 33 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:365029 CAPLUS
- DN 139:193424
- TI Mechanisms of nitric oxide independent activation of soluble guanylyl cyclase
- AU Schmidt, Peter; Schramm, Matthias; Schroder, Henning; Stasch, Johannes-Peter
- CS Institute of Cardiovascular Research, Bayer AG, Wuppertal, D-42096, Germany
- SO European Journal of Pharmacology (2003), 468(3), 167-174 CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999
- PB Elsevier Science B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ The heterodimeric heme-protein soluble guanylyl cyclase (sGC) is the only proven receptor for nitric oxide (NO). Recently, two different types of NO-independent soluble guanylyl cyclase stimulators have been discovered. The heme-dependent stimulator BAY 41-8543 stimulates the enzyme in a synergistic fashion when combined with NO, requires the presence of the heme group and can be blocked by the soluble guanylyl cyclase inhibitor 1H-(1,2,4)-Oxadiazole-(4,3-a)-quinoxalin-1-one (ODQ). The heme-independent activator BAY 58-2667 activates soluble quanylyl cyclase even in the presence of ODQ or rendered heme-deficient. In the present study, BAY 41-8543, BAY 58-2667 and NO strongly increased Vmax. Combination of BAY 58-2667 and NO increased Vmax in an additive manner, whereas the synergistic effect of BAY 41-8543 and NO on enzyme activation was reflected in an overadditive increase of Vmax. ODQ potentiated Vmax of BAY 58-2667-stimulated soluble guanylyl cyclase. BAY 41-8543 prolonged the half-life of the nitrosyl-heme complex of NO-activated enzyme, an effect that was not observed with BAY 58-2667. These results show the different activation patterns of both compds. and demonstrate their value as tools to investigate the mechanisms that underlie soluble guanylyl cyclase activation.
- IT **256498-66-5**, BAY 41-8543

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (mechanisms of nitric oxide independent activation of soluble guanylyl cyclase)

- RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS
- CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L4
    ANSWER 34 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2003:202525 CAPLUS
DN
     138:243276
     Vascular implants containing combretastatin A-4 or combretastatin A-4
TI
     phosphate
     Wnendt, Stephan; Chaplin, David; Kuttler, Bernd; Lorenz, Guenter
IN
     Óxygene Inc., USA
PA
     PCT Int\ Appl., 61 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     German
FAN
    CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
                         ____
                                            _____
                                20030313
     WO 2003020331
                                            WO 2002-EP9836
                                                                   20020903
                          A1
PT
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM,
             HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS,
             LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL,
             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA,
             UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG,
             CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
             NE, SN, TD, TG
     DE 10142897
                                20030320
                                            DE 2001-10142897
                                                                   20010903
                          A1
     DE 10142881
                          A1
                                20030403
                                            DE 2001-10142881
                                                                   20010903
                                            US 2004-488515
     US 2005065595
                          A1
                                20050324
                                                                   20041021
PRAI DE 2001-10142881
                                20010903
                          Α
     DE 2001-10142897
                          Α
                                20010903
                                20020903
     WO 2002-EP9836
                          W
     The invention relates to implants, in particular intracavernous or
AB
     intravascular implants, preferably for the treatment or prophylaxis of
     coronary or peripheral vascular occlusion, strictures or stenosis, in
     particular for the prophylaxis of restenosis. The implants contain
     combretastatin A-4 or combretastatin A-4 phosphate that is chemical bonded in
     a covalent or non-covalent form or is in a phys. fixed form.
                                                                   Stents
     prepared from alloys, polymers or their combination, also with alumina
     coating are treated with the alc. solution of combretastatin A-4 or
     combretastatin A-4 phosphate under sterile condition. According to an
     other method combretastatin A-4 or combretastatin A-4 phosphate are
     included in a biodegradable polymer for coating. Other drugs can be added
     to the implants.
IT
     256376-24-6, BAY 41-2272
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vascular implants containing combretastatin A-4 or combretastatin A-4
        phosphate)
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
RN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
CN
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pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 35 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2003:130131 CAPLUS

DN 139:63276

TI The Rho-kinase inhibitor Y-27632 and the soluble guanylyl cyclase activator BAY41-2272 relax rabbit vaginal wall and clitoral corpus cavernosum

AU Cellek, Selim

CS Wolfson Institute for Biomedical Research, University College London, London, WC1E 6BT, UK

SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2003), 138(2), 287-290 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188

PB Nature Publishing Group

DT Journal

LA English

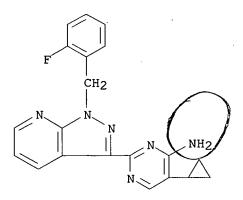
The effects of Y-27632, a Rho-kinase inhibitor and BAY41-2272, a soluble AB quanylyl cyclase activator, on the tone and nitrergic responses of rabbit vaginal wall and clitoral corpus cavernosum were investigated. Y-27632 and BAY41-2272 (10 nM-10 µM) elicited concentration-dependent relaxation of phenylephrine-induced tone in both tissues. IC50 values of Y-27632 for vaginal and clitoral tissues were 370±30 nM, and 467±14 nM, resp. BAY41-2272 had IC50 values of 478 ± 54 nM and 304 ± 38 nM resp. The effect of the Y-27632 on the tissue tone was not affected by an inhibitor of nitric oxide synthase (L-NAME; 500 µM). However, L-NAME reduced the potency of BAY41-2272 in the clitoral corpus cavernosum but not in the vaginal wall. BAY41-2272 enhanced nitrergic relaxation responses only in the clitoral corpus cavernosum. Y-27632 had no effect on nitrergic relaxations in either tissue. These results demonstrate that Y-27632 and BAY41-2272 elicit relaxation of the rabbit vaginal wall and clitoral corpus cavernosum.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY41-2272

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study) (Rho-kinase inhibitor Y-27632 and the soluble guanylyl cyclase activator BAY41-2272 relax rabbit vaginal wall and clitoral corpus cavernosum)

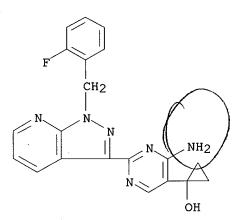
RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 36 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:109219 CAPLUS
- DN 139:36499
- TI Cyclopropyl building blocks in organic synthesis. 84. A new and productive route to 1-heteroarylcyclopropanols
- AU Belov, Vladimir N.; Savchenko, Andrei I.; Sokolov, Viktor V.; Straub, Alexander; de Meijere, Armin
- CS Institut fur Organische Chemie, Georg-August-Universitat Gottingen, Gottingen, 37077, Germany
- SO European Journal of Organic Chemistry (2003), (3), 551-561 CODEN: EJOCFK; ISSN: 1434-193X
- PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 139:36499
- AB Methoxy[(alkoxy)cyclopropyl]propenenitrile derivs. were designed and prepared from Et cyclopropylidenacetate as a valuable precursor to various 1-heteroarylcyclopropanols. The key intermediates in this study included 3-methoxy-2-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methoxy]cyclopropyl]-2-propenenitrile and 3-methoxy-2-[1-[(2-propenyl)oxy]cyclopropyl]-2-propenenitrile (I). Condensation of I with amidines, guanidine, hydrazine, and Me thioglycolate and subsequent removal of the allyl protecting group yields 1-heteroarylcyclopropanols such as 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5pyrimidinyl]cyclopropanol (BAY 41-2272 metabolite II). II is a known very potent NO-independent stimulator of soluble guanylate cyclase. Direct cleavage of the allyl ether protecting group by palladium-catalyzed substitution with lithium p-toluenesulfinate in AcOH or treatment with cyclohexylmagnesium bromide/Ti(OiPr)4 gives highly functionalized, sterically congested 1-heteroarylcyclopropanols with intact amino and ester groups.
- 304874-04-2P, 1-[4-Amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1Hpyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]cyclopropanol
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (BAY 41-2272 metabolite; preparation of [(amino)pyrimidinyl]cyclopropanol
 derivs. and analogs from methoxy[(alkoxy)cyclopropyl]propenenitrile
 derivs. as key intermediates)
- RN 304874-04-2 CAPLUS
- CN Cyclopropanol, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 540134-07-4P 540134-11-0P 540134-27-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of [(amino)pyrimidinyl]cyclopropanol derivs. and analogs from methoxy[(alkoxy)cyclopropyl]propenenitrile derivs. as key intermediates)

RN 540134-07-4 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-[1-[(4-methoxyphenyl)methoxy]cyclopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

OMe

RN 540134-11-0 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-[1-(2-propenyloxy)cyclopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 540134-27-8 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-[1-[(1Z)-1-propenyloxy]cyclopropyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Double bond geometry as shown.

IT 256376-24-6DP, BAY 41-2272, metabolite 540134-31-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of [(amino)pyrimidinyl]cyclopropanol derivs. and analogs from methoxy[(alkoxy)cyclopropyl]propenenitrile derivs. as key intermediates)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

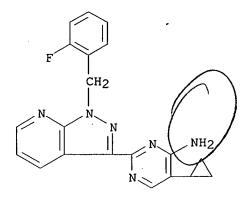
CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 540134-31-4 CAPLUS

CN Cyclopropanol, 1-[4-amino-2-[6-ethyl-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 53 THERE ARE 53 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 37 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:82913 CAPLUS
- DN 139:255018
- TI Cardiorenal and Humoral Properties of a Novel Direct Soluble Guanylate Cyclase Stimulator BAY 41-2272 in Experimental Congestive Heart Failure
- AU Boerrigter, Guido; Costello-Boerrigter, Lisa C.; Cataliotti, Alessandro; Tsuruda, Toshihiro; Harty, Gail J.; Lapp, Harald; Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Burnett, John C.
- CS Cardiorenal Research Laboratory, Mayo Clinic and Foundation, Rochester, MN, 55905, USA
- SO Circulation (2003), 107(5), 686-689 CODEN: CIRCAZ; ISSN: 0009-7322
- PB Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- DT Journal
- LA English
- BAY 41-2272 is a recently introduced novel orally available agent that AB directly stimulates soluble guanylate cyclase (sGC) and sensitizes it to $i \cancel{x}$'s physiol. stimulator, nitric oxide. To date, its therapeutic actions in congestive heart failure (CHF) remain undefined. We characterized the cardiorenal actions of i.v. BAY 41-2272 in a canine model of CHF and compared it to nitroglycerin (NTG). CHF was induced by rapid ventricular pacing for 10 days. Cardiorenal and humoral function were assessed at baseline and with administration of 2 doses of BAY 41-2272 (2 and $10~\mu g$ \cdot kg-1 \cdot min-1; n=8) or NTG (1 and 5 μ g \cdot kg-1 · min-1; n=6). Administration of 10 μ g · kg-1 · min-1 BAY 41-2272 reduced mean arterial pressure (113 ± 8 to 94 ± 6 mm Hg; P<0.05), pulmonary artery pressure (29±2 to 25±2 mm Hg; P<0.05), and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (25 ± 2 to 20 ± 2 mm Hg; P<0.05). Cardiac output (2.1±0.2 to 2.3±0.2 L/min; P<0.05) and renal blood flow (131±17 to 162±18 mL/min; P<0.05) increased. Glomerular filtration rate was maintained. There were no changes in plasma renin activity, angiotensin II, or aldosterone. NTG mediated similar hemodynamic changes and addnl. decreased right atrial pressure and pulmonary vascular resistance. The new sGC stimulator BAY 41-2272 potently unloaded the heart, increased cardiac output, and preserved glomerular filtration rate without activation of the renin-angiotensinaldosterone system in exptl. CHF. These beneficial properties make direct sGC stimulation with BAY 41-2272 a promising new strategy for the treatment of cardiovascular diseases such as CHF.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272
 - RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (cardiorenal and humoral properties of guanylate cyclase stimulator BAY 41-2272 compared to nitroglycerin in congestive heart failure)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 38 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:63984 CAPLUS
- DN 139:224044
- TI BAY41-2272, a novel nitric oxide independent soluble guanylate cyclase activator, relaxes human and rabbit corpus cavernosum in vitro
- AU Kalsi, Jas S.; Rees, Rowland W.; Hobbs, Adrian J.; Royle, Michael; Kell, Phil D.; Ralph, David J.; Moncada, Salvador; Cellek, Selim
- CS Wolfson Institute for Biomedical Research and Institute of Urology, Middlesex Hospital, University College London, UK
- SO Journal of Urology (Hagerstown, MD, United States) (2003), 169(2), 761-766 CODEN: JOURAA; ISSN: 0022-5347
- PB Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB In cavernous smooth muscle nitric oxide (NO) activates soluble guanylate cyclase, which catalyzes the synthesis of cyclic guanosine 3',5'-monophosphate, leading to smooth muscle relaxation, increased blood flow and penile erection. The pyrazolopyridine derivative BAY41-2272 (5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-(2-fluoro-benzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine-3yl]pyrimidin-4ylamine) was identified and found to stimulate soluble quanylate cyclase in a NO independent manner. We investigated the effect of BAY41-2272 on human and rabbit corpus cavernosum. We investigated the effect of BAY41-2272 on the tone and nitrergic relaxation responses of human and rabbit cavernous strips in the absence and presence of the soluble guanylate cyclase inhibitor ODQ (1H-[1,2,4]oxadiazolo[4-3a]quinoxalin-1one) or the NO synthase inhibitor L-NAME (N-nitro-L-arginine-Me ester HCl). The potency of BAY41-2272 was compared to that of another soluble guanylate cyclase activator YC-1, and the NO releasing compound spermine NONOate (N-2-aminoethyl-N-2-hydroxy-2-nitrosohydroazino-1,2ethylenediamine). BAY41-2272 resulted in concentration dependent relaxation of human and rabbit cavernosum (mean EC50 \pm SEM 489.1 \pm 22.5 and 406.3 \pm 21.5 nM., resp.). The compound was 32 times more potent than YC-1 and twice as potent as spermine-NONOate. ODQ decreased the potency of BAY41-2272, such that in the presence of 30 μM . ODQ the EC50 of BAY41-2272 induced relaxation was 1,407.3 \pm 158.0 and 1,902.7 \pm 11.0 nM. in human and rabbit tissues, resp. L-NAME also inhibited relaxations elicited by BAY41-2272 in rabbit tissue. In the presence of 500 μM . L-NAME the EC50 of BAY41-2272 induced responses was 836.7 \pm 46.7 nM. BAY41-2272 at subthreshold concns. of 30 to 50 nM. potentiated nitrergic responses. Moreover, the inhibition of nitrergic responses by L-NAME was reversed by 0.3 to 3 μM . BAY41-2272. We report that a nonNO based soluble quanylate cyclase activator relaxes human and rabbit corpus cavernosum, and potentiates nitrergic responses.
- IT **256376-24-6**, BAY41-2272
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (effect of BAY41-2272, nitric oxide independent soluble guanylate cyclase activator, on human and rabbit corpus cavernosum)
- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/521,538

L4 ANSWER 39 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2003:52520 CAPLUS

DN 139:16962

TI Drugs that activate specific nitric oxide sensitive guanylyl cyclase isoforms independent of nitric oxide release

AU Behrends, Sonke

CS Institute of Experimental and Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology, University clinic Hamburg-Eppendorf, Hamburg, D-20246, Germany

SO Current Medicinal Chemistry (2003), 10(4), 291-301 CODEN: CMCHE7; ISSN: 0929-8673

PB Bentham Science Publishers

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

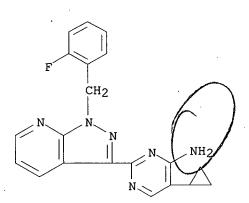
A review. Nitric oxide (NO) releasing drugs have helped patients AB suffering from angina pectoris for more than a century. In the 1970s NO-sensitive guanylyl cyclase was identified as the target of NO. Sińce then, three different isoforms of the enzyme have been identified. NO-releasing drugs act by binding of NO to the prosthetic heme group common to all three isoforms. They thus act all as isoform-unspecific substances. This review addresses recently developed drugs that activate NO-sensitive quanylyl cyclase independent of NO-release. They have great potential in the treatment of angina pectoris, hypertension and erectile dysfunction. The mol. target has been validated by the successful clin. use of NO-releasing drugs for more than a century. At the same time the mode of action of these drugs is entirely new. The development of highly isoform-specific derivs. with distinct pharmacol. profiles is now an open possibility with great potential.

IT 256376-24-6, BAY 41-2272 256498-66-5, BAY 41-8543
RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(drugs that activate specific nitric oxide sensitive guanylyl cyclase isoforms)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 90 THERE ARE 90 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L4
     ANSWER 40 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     2003:42280
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AN
     138:106723
DN
     Preparation of morpholine-bridged pyrazolopyridine derivatives as
ΤI
     stimulators for soluble quanylate cyclase
IN
     Feurer, Achim; Flubacher, Dietmar; Weigand, Stefan; Stasch,
     Johannes-Peter; Stahl, Elke; Schenke, Thomas; Alonso-Alija, Cristina;
     Wunder, Frank; Lang, Dieter; Dembowsky, Klaus; Straub, Alexander;
     Perzborn, Elisabeth
     Bayer Aktiengesellschaft, Germany
PA
     PCT Int. Appl., 54 pp.
SO
     ĆODEN: PĮXXD2
     Patent
DT
     German
LA
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                          KIND
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
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     EP 1406908
                           A1
                                 20040414
                                                                     20020625
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     JP 2005501034
                           T2
                                 20050113
                                             JP 2003-510670
                                                                     20020625
                                             us 2004-482766 — Alm
     US 2004235863
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                                 20041125
                                                                     20040628
PRAI DE 2001-10132416
                           Α
                                 20010704
     WO 2002-EP6991
                           W
                                 20020625
     CASREACT 138:106723; MARPAT 138:106723
OS
     The invention relates to novel pyrazolopyridine derivs. I [R1 = Ra, Rb; X
AΒ
     = (CH2)n; n = 1, 2; R2 = H, NH2] and to salts, isomers and hydrates
     thereof as stimulators for soluble guanylate cyclase and to their use as
     agents in the treatment of cardiovascular diseases, hypertonicity,
     thromboembolic diseases and ischemia, sexual dysfunction or inflammations
     and for the treatment of diseases of the central nervous system. The
     invention also relates to the preparation of I through heating in an organic
solution
     with pyrazolopyridine II with nitriles, Alk-CO2CH:CR1CN (Alk =
     Cl-4-alkyl); or with malonates, R1CH(CO2Et)2, to give pyrimidine III;
     halogenation of the latter to give pyrimidine IV (R2 = halogen); then,
     heating of IV (R2 = halogen) with aqueous NH3 to give IV (R2 = NH2).
     (R1 = Ra, X = CH2; R2 = H) was prepared in 16% from II·HCl via
     heating with AcOCH: CRaCN (X = CH2) in PhMe. Pyrazolopyridine I (R1 = Ra,
     X = CH2; R2 = H) was tested for vascular relaxing activity [IC50 = 0.27
     μM].
ΙT
     485812-73-5P 485812-74-6P
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
```

(Uses)

 $(\mbox{preparation and pharmaceutical activity of; preparation of } \mbox{morpholine-bridged}$

pyrazolopyridine derivs. as stimulators for soluble guanylate cyclase)

RN 485812-73-5 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(8-oxa-3-azabicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 485812-74-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(3-oxa-9-azabicyclo[3.3.1]non-9-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L4
     ANSWER 41 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2002:942701 CAPLUS
DN
     138:8413
ΤI
     Vascular implants treated with FK506
     Wnendt, Stephan; Von Oepen, Randolf; Kuttler, Bernd; Lang, Gerhard
IN
PA
     Jomed G.m.b.H., Germany
     Ger. Offen., 22 pp.
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     German
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
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                                _____
                                            ______
                                                                    20010606
PΙ
     DE 10127330
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                                20021212
                                            DE 2001-10127330
                                            WO 2002-EP1707
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                                20020829
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             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,
             GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
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         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                                            JP 2002-565512
     JP 2004531299
                                20041014
                                                                    20020218
                          Т2
                                            CN 2002-805091
     CN 1547490
                                20041117
                                                                    20020218
                          Α
PRAI DE 2001-10107339
                          Α
                                20010216
     DE 2001-10127011
                          Α
                                20010605
     DE 2001-10127330
                          Α
                                20010606
     WO 2002-EP1707
                          W
                                20020218
AB
     The invention concerns vascular implants that include a metal, or an alloy
     base, a ceramic or polymer coating and covalently bound or phys.
     immobilized FK506 for the treatment of stenosis and restenosis. In addition,
     the implants can include other drugs. For the preparation, the coated implant
     is incubated with a solution of FK506; or FK506 is added during polymerization
     coating.
     256376-24-6, BAY 41-2272
IT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vascular implants treated with FK506)
RN
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
CN
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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ANSWER 42 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
T.4
     2002:941572 CAPLUS
AN
     138:8411
DN
     Vascular implants treated with FK506
TI
IN
     Wnendt, Stephan; Von Oepen, Randolf; Kuttler, Bernd; Lang, Gerhard
PA
     Jomed G.m.b.H., Germany
     Ger. Offen., 22 pp.
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
     German
LΑ
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
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     DE 10107339
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                                             WO 2002-EP1707
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     WO 2002065947
                          A2
                                 20020829
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             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
             GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,
             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB,
             GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
             GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                          A2
                                 20040102
                                             EP 2002-700248
                                                                     20020218
     EP 1372753
             AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                                             JP 2002-565512
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PRAI DE 2001-10107339
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                          Α
                                 20010605
     DE 2001-10127330
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                                 20010606
     WO 2002-EP1707
                          W
                                 20020218
     The invention concerns vascular implants that include a metal, or an alloy
AΒ
     base, a ceramic or polymer coating and covalently bound or phys.
     immobilized FK506 for the treatment of stenosis and restenosis. In addition,
     the implants can include other drugs. For the preparation, the coated implant
     is incubated with a solution of FK506; or FK506 is added during polymerization
     coating.
     256376-24-6, BAY 41-2272
IT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (vascular implants treated with FK506)
RN
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
CN
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
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RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

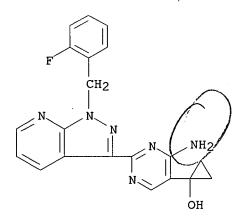
10/521,538

- L4 ANSWER 43 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:512251 CAPLUS
- DN 139:190571
- TI Metabolites of orally active NO-independent pyrazolopyridine stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase. [Erratum to document cited in CA137:226160]
- AU Straub, Alexander; Benet-Buchholz, Jordi; Frode, Rita; Kern, Armin; Kohlsdorfer, Christian; Schmitt, Peter; Schwarz, Thomas; Siefert, Hans-Martin; Stasch, Johannes-Peter
- CS Institute of Medicinal Chemistry, Bayer AG, Pharma Research Centre, Wuppertal, D-42096, Germany
- SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (2002), 10(9), 3075 CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896
- PB Elsevier Science Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB On page 1711 and in the graphical abstract the second author's name should read Jordi Benet-Buchholz instead of Jordi Benet-Buckholz.
- IT 304874-04-2P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(metabolites of orally active NO-independent pyrazolopyridine stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase (Erratum))

- RN 304874-04-2 CAPLUS
- CN Cyclopropanol, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272 **256498-66-5**, BAY 41-8543

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(metabolites of orally active NO-independent pyrazolopyridine stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase (Erratum))

- RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS
- CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
L4
     ANSWER 44 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
AN
     2002:391319 CAPLUS
DN
     136:401774
TΤ
     Preparation of pyridinylpyrimidine-substituted pyrazolopyridines as
     inhibitors of cGMP degradation
     Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Feurer, Achim; Weigand, Stefan; Stahl, Elke;
IN
     Flubacher, Dietmar; Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Wunder, Frank; Lanq, Dieter;
     Dembowsky, Klaus; Straub, Alexander; Perzborn, Elisabeth
     Bayer AG, Germany
PA
SO
     Ger. Offen., 16 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
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T.A
     German
FAN.CNT 1
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             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA,
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                                20030702
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                                                                    20030521
PRAI DE 2000-10057753
                          A1
                                20001122
     DE 2001-10131987
                          Α
                                20010702
     WO 2001-EP12969
                          W
                                20011109
OS
     MARPAT 136:401774
AB
     Title compds. [I; R1 = 4-pyridinyl, 3-pyridinyl; R2 = H, halo, amino],
     were prepared Thus, a mixture of 1-(2-fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-
     b]pyridine-3-carboxamidine (preparation given) and
     [(dimethylamino)methylene]pyridineacetonitrile (preparation given) in xylene
     was treated with BF3.OEt2 for 19 h at 140° to give 33%
     2-(1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl)-5-(4-b)
     pyridinyl)-4-pyridinamine. The latter showed the vessel relaxation effect
     with IC50 = 0.66 \mu M.
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402595-29-3P 428828-78-8P 428828-82-4P

IT

428828-85-7P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pyridinylpyrimidine-substituted pyrazolopyridines as inhibitors of cGMP degradation)

RN 402595-29-3 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-78-8 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(3-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-82-4 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 6-chloro-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-85-7 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 428828-70-0P 428828-74-4P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of pyridinylpyrimidine-substituted pyrazolopyridines as inhibitors of cGMP degradation) $\dot{}$

RN 428828-70-0 CAPLUS

CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-6-hydroxy-5-(4-pyridinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428828-74-4 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[4,6-dichloro-5-(4-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
ANSWER 45 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L4
AN
     2002:391315 CAPLUS
DN
     136:386130
ΤI
     Preparation of pyrimidinyllactam-substituted pyrazolopyridines as
     inhibitors of cGMP degradation
     Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Feurer, Achim; Weigand, Stefan; Stahl, Elke;
IN
     Flubacher, Dietmar; Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Wunder, Frank; Lang, Dieter;
     Dembowsky, Klaus; Straub, Alexander; Perzborn, Elisabeth
     Bayer AG, Germany
PA
SO
     Ger. Offen., 38 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LA
     German
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                                                                    DATE
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
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             PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
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PRAI DE 2000-10057752
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                                20010511
     WO 2001-EP12965
                          W
                                20011109
OS
     MARPAT 136:386130
     Title compds. [I; R1 = NH2, NHCO(C1-6 alkyl); R2 = R3NCOR4; R3NCOR4 =
AB
     (substituted) (annelated) 5-7 membered heterocyclyl containing an addnl.
     heteroatom] were prepared Thus, an E/Z mixture of 3-(dimethylamino)-2-(3-oxo-
     4-morpholinyl)-2-propanenitrile (preparation given) was stirred with
     1-(2-fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine-3-carboxamidine (preparation
     given) in xylene at 120° overnight to give 5.56%
     4-(4-amino-2-[1-(2-fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-
     pyrimidinyl)-3-morpholinone. Several I showed a vessel relaxation effect
     with IC50 = 0.25-1.99 \mu M.
     426818-36-2P 426818-37-3P 426818-38-4P
     426818-39-5P 426818-40-8P 426818-41-9P
     426818-42-0P 426818-43-1P 426818-44-2P
     426818-45-3P 426818-46-4P 426818-47-5P
     426818-48-6P 426818-49-7P 426818-50-0P
     426818-51-1P 426818-52-2P 426818-53-3P
     426818-54-4P 426818-55-5P 426818-56-6P
     426818-57-7P
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RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU

(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of pyrimidinyllactam-substituted pyrazolopyridines as inhibitors of cGMP degradation)

RN 426818-36-2 CAPLUS

CN 3-Morpholinone, 4-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-37-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-38-4 CAPLUS

CN 2-Piperidinone, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-39-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-5-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-40-8 CAPLUS

CN 2H-Azepin-2-one, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]hexahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-41-9 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-5,5-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-42-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-5-methyl-, (+)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Rotation (+).

RN 426818-43-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-5-methyl-, (-)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Rotation (-).

RN 426818-44-2 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-3,3,4,4-tetramethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME).

RN 426818-45-3 CAPLUS

CN 2-Pyrrolidinone, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-3-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-46-4 CAPLUS

CN 3-Morpholinone, 4-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-2,6-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-47-5 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolidinone, 3-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-4-(1-methylethyl)-, (4S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 426818-48-6 CAPLUS

CN 2,5-Pyrrolidinedione, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-3,3,4-trimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-49-7 CAPLUS

CN 2,4-Oxazolidinedione, 3-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-5,5-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-50-0 CAPLUS

CN 2-Oxazolidinone, 3-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-51-1 CAPLUS

CN 2-Thiazolidinone, 3-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-52-2 CAPLUS

CN 3-Morpholinone, 4-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-5,5-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-53-3 CAPLUS

CN 3-Morpholinone, 4-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-6-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-54-4 CAPLUS

CN 3-Azabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,4-dione, 3-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]-1-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-55-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,7-Epoxy-1H-isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]hexahydro- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 426818-56-6 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(2-oxo-3-oxazolidinyl)-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

·RN 426818-57-7 CAPLUS

CN lH-Isoindole-1,3(2H)-dione, 2-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-lH-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L4
     ANSWER 46 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2002:391284 CAPLUS
     136:401773
DN
     Preparation of pyrimidinylsulfonamide-substituted pyrazolopyridines as
ΤI
     inhibitors of cGMP degradation
     Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Feurer, Achim; Weigand, Stefan; Stahl, Elke;
IN
     Flubacher, Dietmar; Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Wunder, Frank; Lang, Dieter;
     Dembowsky, Klaus; Straub, Alexander; Perzborn, Elisabeth
     Bayer AG, Germany
PA
SO
     Ger. Offen., 22 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
T.A
     German
FAN.CNT 1
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     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
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                         ____
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PΙ
     DE 10057754
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             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH,
             PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA,
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                                            EP 2001-989460
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             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     JP 2004517828
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                                20040617
                                            JP 2002-544436
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PRAI DE 2000-10057754
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                                20001122
     WO 2001-EP13064
                          W
                                20011112
OS
     MARPAT 136:401773
     Title compds. [I; R1 = H, Cl, amino; R2R3 together with the connected
AB
     heteroatoms = (substituted) (N-, O-, S-interrupted) 5-7 membered
     heterocyclyl], were prepared Thus, 6-amino-5-(1,1-dioxido-2-
     isothiazolidinyl)-2-[1-(2-fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-
     pyrimidinol (preparation given) was stirred with POCl2Ph for 2 h at 160°
     to give 60% 6-chloro-5-(1,1-dioxido-2-isothiazolidinyl)-2-[1-(2-
     fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinamine.
                                                                       The
     latter showed the vessel relaxation effect with IC50 = 290 nM.
IT
     428854-28-8P 428854-32-4P 428854-36-8P
     428854-40-4P
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
        (preparation of pyrimidinylsulfonamide-substituted pyrazolopyridines as
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Page 130

4-Pyrimidinamine, 6-chloro-5-(1,1-dioxido-2-isothiazolidinyl)-2-[1-[(2-

fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX

inhibitors of cGMP degradation)

428854-28-8 CAPLUS

RN

CN

NAME)

RN 428854-32-4 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-(1,1-dioxido-2-isothiazolidinyl)-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428854-36-8 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 5-(1,1-dioxido-2-isothiazolidinyl)-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 428854-40-4 CAPLUS

CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 6-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(tetrahydro-1,1-dioxido-2H-1,2-thiazin-2-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

IT 428854-26-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of pyrimidinyl sulfonamide-substituted pyrazolopyridines as inhibitors of cGMP degradation)

RN 428854-26-6 CAPLUS

CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 6-amino-5-(1,1-dioxido-2-isothiazolidinyl)-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L4
    ANSWER 47 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
     2002:347219 CAPLUS
AN
     136:350594
DN
     Use of stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase for the treatment of
ΤI
     osteoporosis
     Geiss, Volker; Sander, Erich; Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Straub, Alexander
IN
PA
     Bayer A.-G., Germany
     Ger. Offen., 6 pp.
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
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     Patent
     German
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         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ; SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
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             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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                                            AU 2002-23633
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     EP 1335723
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             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
                                            JP 2002-538932
     JP 2004512366
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                                20040422
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     US 2004053915
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                                20040318
                                            US 2003-415708
                                                                    20031022
PRAI DE 2000-10054278
                          Α
                                20001102
     WO 2001-EP12159
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                                20011022
     MARPAT 136:350594
     The invention discloses the use of stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase,
AB
     in particular compds. I [R1 = (un)saturated (un)substituted C3-8 cycloalkyl,
     (un) saturated or partially unsatd. 3-8-membered heterocyclyl, which can
     contain 1-4 of N, O, S, SO, SO2 and be optionally substituted; R2 = H,
     NH2], as well as salts, isomers and hydrates thereof, for the production of a
     medicament for the treatment of osteoporosis.
IT
     256376-24-6 256376-24-6D, isomers, salts, and hydrates
     256498-66-5 256498-66-5D, isomers, salts, and hydrates
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (soluble guanylate cyclase stimulators for treatment of osteoporosis)
RN
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
CN
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pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 48 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2002:268387 CAPLUS

DN 136:382099

TI BAY 41-2272 activates two isoforms of nitric oxide-sensitive guanylyl cyclase

AU Koglin, Markus; Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Behrends, Soenke

CS Institut fuer Experimentelle und Klinische Pharmakologie, Universitaet Hamburg, Hamburg, D-20246, Germany

SO Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications (2002), 292(4), 1057-1062
CODEN: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

PB Elsevier Science

DT Journal

LA English

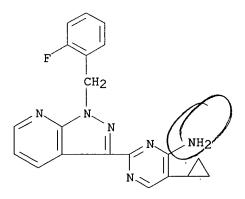
AB Soluble guanylyl cyclase (I) is an important target for endogenous NO and the guanylyl cyclase modulator, YC-1. Recently BAY 41-2272 was identified as a similar but more potent and more specific substance. Whereas YC-1 also acts as nonspecific phosphodiesterase inhibitor, BAY 41-2272 was devoid of an effect on phosphodiesterases. BAY 41-2272 has so far only been tested on the $\alpha 1/\beta 1$ heterodimeric isoform of soluble I and its binding site has been mapped to a region in the $\alpha 1$ subunit N-terminal sequence. Although this region is poorly conserved in the $\alpha 2$ subunit, it is shown here that the $\alpha 2/\beta 1$ heterodimeric enzyme isoform was activated by BAY 41-2272. Deletion anal. of the $\alpha 2$ subunit and co-expression with the $\beta 1$ subunit in the baculovirus/Sf9 system was consistent with the N-terminal amino acids 104-401 of the $\alpha 2$ subunit as the binding site for BAY 41-2272.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (BAY 41-2272 activation of 2 isoforms of nitric oxide-sensitive guanylyl cyclase and its comparison with YC-1)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/521,538

L4 ANSWER 49 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2002:251260 CAPLUS

DN 137:226160

TI Metabolites of Orally Active NO-Independent Pyrazolopyridine Stimulators of Soluble Guanylate Cyclase

AU Straub, Alexander; Benet-Buckholz, Jordi; Frode, Rita; Kern, Armin; Kohlsdorfer, Christian; Schmitt, Peter; Schwarz, Thomas; Siefert, Hans-Martin; Stasch, Johannes-Peter

CS Institute of Medicinal Chemistry, Bayer AG, Pharma Research Centre, Wuppertal, D-42096, Germany

SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry (2002), 10(6), 1711-1717 CODEN: BMECEP; ISSN: 0968-0896

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB The pyrazolopyridine stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase BAY 41-2272 and 41-8543 were oxidised in rats and dogs at their 5-pyrimidinyl-cyclopropyl and -morpholino residue. These metabolites activate the soluble guanylate cyclase, induce vasoelaxation and thereby may contribute to the in vivo activity of BAY 41-2272 and BAY 41-8543.

IT 304874-04-2P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(metabolites of orally active NO-independent pyrazolopyridine stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase)

RN 304874-04-2 CAPLUS

CN Cyclopropanol, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272 **256498-66-5**, BAY 41-8543

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(metabolites of orally active NO-independent pyrazolopyridine stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase) $\begin{tabular}{ll} \hline \end{tabular}$

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN. 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 50 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:126828 CAPLUS
- DN 137:447
- TI Cardiovascular actions of a novel NO-independent guanylyl cyclase stimulator, BAY 41-8543: in vivo studies
- AU Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Dembowsky, Klaus; Perzborn, Elisabeth; Stahl, Elke; Schramm, Matthias
- CS Institute of Cardiovascular Research, Pharma Research Center, Bayer AG, Wuppertal, D-42096, Germany
- SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2002), 135(2), 344-355 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188
- PB Nature Publishing Group
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB. BAY 41-8543 is a novel non-NO-based stimulator of sGC. This study investigates the acute effects of BAY 41-8543 on hemodynamics in anesthetized rats and dogs, its long-term effects in conscious hypertension rat models and its antiplatelet effects. In anesthetized dogs, i.v. injections of BAY 41-8543 (3-100 μ g kg-1) caused a dose-dependent decrease in blood pressure and cardiac oxygen consumption as well as an increase in coronary blood flow and heart rate. In anesthetized normotensive rats, BAY 41-8543 produced a dose-dependent and long-lasting blood pressure lowering effect after i.v. $(3-300 \mu g kg-1)$ and oral (0.1-1 mg kg-1) administration. A dose-dependent and long-lasting decrease in blood pressure was also observed in conscious spontaneously hypertensive rats with a threshold dose of 0.1 mg kg-1 p.o. After 3 mg kg-1 the antihypertensive effect lasted for nearly 24 h. After multiple dosages, BAY 41-8543 did not develop tachyphylaxis in SHR. 41-8543 prolonged the rat tail bleeding time and reduced thrombosis in the FeC13 thrombosis model after oral administration. In a low NO, high renin rat model of hypertension, BAY 41-8543 prevented the increase in blood pressure evoked by L-NAME and reveals a kidney protective effect. model, the overall beneficial effects of BAY 41-8543 manifested as both antiplatelet effect and vasodilatation were reflected in a significant reduction in mortality. The pharmacol. profile of BAY 41-8543 suggests therefore that this compound has the potential to be an important research tool for in vivo investigations in the sGC/cGMP field and it also has the potential of being a unique clin. utility for treatment of cardiovascular diseases.
- IT **256498-66-5**, BAY 41-8543
 - RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (cardiovascular actions of BAY 41-8543 (NO-independent guanylyl cyclase stimulator))
- RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS
- CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 51 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:126827 CAPLUS
- DN 137:446
- TI Pharmacological actions of a novel NO-independent guanylyl cyclase stimulator, BAY 41-8543: in vitro studies
- AU Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Apeler, Heiner; Dembowsky, Klaus; Feurer, Achim; Minuth, Torsten; Perzborn, Elisabeth; Schramm, Matthias; Straub, Alexander
- CS Institute of Cardiovascular Research, Pharma Research Center, Bayer AG, Wuppertal, Q-42096, Germany
- SO British Journal of Pharmacology (2002), 135(2), 333-343 CODEN: BJPCBM; ISSN: 0007-1188
- PB Nature Publishing Group
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB BAY 41-8543 is a novel, highly specific and so far the most potent NO-independent stimulator of sGC. Here we report the effects of BAY 41-8543 on the isolated enzyme, endothelial cells, platelets, isolated vessels and Langendorff heart preparation BAY 41-8543 stimulates the recombinant sGC concentration-dependently from 0.0001 µM to 100 µM up to 92-fold. In combination, BAY 41-8543 and NO have synergistic effects over a wide range of concns. Similar results are shown in implying that BAY 41-8543 stimulates the sGC directly and furthermore makes the enzyme more sensitive to its endogenous activator NO. In vitro, BAY 41-8543 is a potent relaxing agent of aortas, saphenous arteries, coronary arteries and veins with IC50-values in the nM range. In the rat heart Langendorff preparation, BAY 41-8543 potently reduces coronary perfusion pressure from 10-9to 10-6 g ml-1 without any effect on left ventricular pressure and heart rate. BAY 41-8543 is effective even under nitrate tolerance conditions proved by the same vasorelaxing effect on aortic rings taken either from normal or nitrate-tolerant rats. BAY 41-8543 is a potent inhibitor of collagen-mediated aggregation in washed human platelets (IC50=0.09 µM). In plasma, BAY 41-8543 inhibits collagen-mediated aggregation better than ADP-induced aggregation, but has no effect on the thrombin pathway. BAY 41-8543 is also a potent direct stimulator of the cGMP/PKG/VASP pathway in platelets and synergizes with NO over a wide range of concns. These results suggest that BAY 41-8543 is on the one hand an invaluable tool for studying sGC signaling in vitro and on the other hand its unique profile may offer a novel approach for treating cardiovascular diseases.
- IT **256498-66-5**, BAY 41-8543

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(in vitro pharmacol. actions of a novel NO-independent guanylyl cyclase stimulator, BAY 41-8543)

RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 41 THERE ARE 41 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L4 ANSWER 52 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:126818 CAPLUS
- DN 137:228525
- TI NO-independent regulatory site of direct sGC stimulators like YC-1 and BAY 41-2272
- AU Becker, Eva Maria; Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Apeler, Heiner; Gerzer, Rupert; Minuth, Torsten; Pleiss, Ulrich; Schmidt, Peter; Schramm, Matthias; Schroeder, Henning; Schroeder, Werner; Steinke, Wolfram; Straub, Alexander; Stasch, Johannes-Peter
- CS Pharma Res. Center, Bayer AG, Wuppertal, Germany
- SO BMC Pharmacology [online computer file] (2001), 1, No pp. given CODEN: BPMHBU; ISSN: 1471-2210 URL: http://www.biomedcentral.com/1471-2210/1/13
- PB BioMed Central Ltd.
- DT Journal; (online computer file)
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 137:228525
- AB Background: The most important receptor for nitric oxide is the soluble quanylate cyclase (sGC), a heme containing heterodimer. Recently, a pyrazolopyridine derivative BAY 41-2272, structurally related to YC-1, was identified stimulating soluble quanylate cyclase in an NO-independent manner, which results in vasodilation and antiplatelet activity. The study described here addresses the identification of the NO-independent site on soluble guanylate cyclase. Results: We developed a photoaffinity label (3H-meta-PAL) for the direct and NO-independent soluble guanylate cyclase (sGC) stimulator BAY 41-2272 by introducing an azido-group into the tritium labeled compound The synthesized photoaffinity label directly stimulates the purified sGC and shows in combination with NO a synergistic effect on SGC activity. Irradiation with UV light of 3H-meta-PAL together with the highly purified sGC leads to covalent binding to the α 1-subunit of the enzyme. This binding is blocked by unlabeled meta-PAL, YC-1 and BAY 41-2272. For further identification of the NO-independent regulatory site the 3H-meta-PAL labeled sGC was fragmented by CNBr digest. The 3H-meta-PAL binds to a CNBr fragment, consisting of the amino acids 236-290 of the $\alpha 1$ -subunit. Determination of radioactivity of the single PTH-cycles from the sequencing of this CNBr fragment detected the cysteine 238 as binding residues of the 3H-meta-PAL. Conclusions: Our data demonstrate that the region surrounding the cysteine 238 and 243 in the $\alpha 1$ -subunit of the sGC could play an important role in regulation of sGC activity and could be the target of this new type of sGC stimulators.

IT 457923-59-0P

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(NO-independent regulatory site of direct sGC stimulators like YC-1 and BAY 41-2272)

RN 457923-59-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 3-azido-N-[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-1,6-dihydro-4-pyrimidinyl-6-t]- (9CI) (CF
 INDEX NAME)

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 412272

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(NO-independent regulatory site of direct sGC stimulators like YC-1 and BAY 41-2272)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 457923-53-4P 457923-55-6P 457923-57-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(NO-independent regulatory site of direct sGC stimulators like YC-1 and BAY 41-2272)

RN 457923-53-4 CAPLUS

CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 6-amino-5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 457923-55-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 6-bromo-5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 457923-57-8 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidin-6-t-amine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-1,6-dihydro-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT **459126-11-5P**, BAY 50-6038 **459126-13-7P**, BAY 51-9491 **459126-15-9P**, BAY 50-8364

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(NO-independent regulatory site of direct sGC stimulators like YC-1 and BAY 41-2272)

RN 459126-11-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-azido-N-[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 459126-13-7 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 3-azido-N-[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 459126-15-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-azido-N-[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

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RE.CNT 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/521,538

L4 ANSWER 53 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2001:810514 CAPLUS

DN 136:144457

TI cGMP signalling beyond nitric oxide

AU Mayer, Bernd; Koesling, Doris

CS Institut fur Pharmakologie und Toxikologie, Karl-Franzens-Universitat Graz, Graz, A-8010, Austria

SO Trends in Pharmacological Sciences (2001), 22(11), 546-548 CODEN: TPHSDY; ISSN: 0165-6147

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

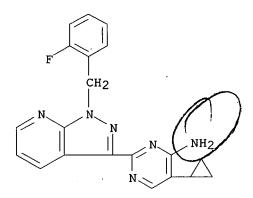
AB A review. Many of the physiol. effects of nitric oxide are mediated by activation of soluble guanylyl cyclase, resulting in cellular cGMP accumulation. In the 1990s, the benzylindazole derivative YC-1 was identified as a novel modulator of cGMP signaling that exerted complex actions in a NO-independent manner. A recent study describes a high-affinity YC-1 analog that decreases blood pressure in hypertensive rats and increases bleeding time, which suggests that this drug might have therapeutic potential as a vasodilator with antiplatelet activity.

IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 412272

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); BIOL (Biological study) (cGMP signalling beyond nitric oxide)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 54 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L4
     2001:479149 CAPLUS
ΑN
     135:81981
DN
     Method for micronization of cardiovascular agents by co-grinding the
ΤI
     active substance and lactose
     Laich, Tobias
IN
PA
     Bayer A.-G., Germany
     Ger. Offen., 6 pp.
SO
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
ĹΑ
     German
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
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                                            ______
PΙ
     DE 19962926
                          A1
                                20010628
                                            DE 1999-19962926
                                                                   19991224
                                            WO 2000-EP12569
                                                                   20001212
     WO 2001047494
                                20010705
                         A1
            AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,
             BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI DE 1999-19962926
                                19991224
                         Α
     The invention concerns the preparation of micronized cardiovascular agents for
ΑB
     oral drug delivery systems by co-grinding the active ingredient with
     lactose. Thus 136,84 g 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
     pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyridinamine and 54.73 g lactose (200 mesh)
     were mixed in a tubular mixer at 30 U/min for 10 min. The mixture was
     micronized in a steel spiral mill at injection pressure 5 bar, grinding
     pressure 4.5 bar for 25 min. To the micronized mixture 0.49 g sodium lauryl
     sulfate, 5.95 g sodium CM-cellulose and 1.98 g magnesium stearate were
     added, and mixed again in the tubular mixer at 30 U/min for 5 min.
     Finally 146.15 mg tablets were pressed.
IT
     256376-24-6 256498-66-5
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); THU (Therapeutic
     use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
        (method for micronization of cardiovascular agents by co-grinding
        active substance and lactose)
RN
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
CN
```

pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 55 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2001:208883 CAPLUS

DN 135:28855

TI NO-independent regulatory site on soluble guanylate cyclase

AU Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Becker, Eva Maria; Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Apeler, Heiner; Dembowsky, Klaus; Feurer, Achim; Gerzer, Rupert; Minuth, Torsten; Perzborn, Elisabeth; Pleiss, Ulrich; Schroder, Henning; Schroeder, Werner; Stahl, Eike; Steinke, Wolfram; Straub, Alexander; Schramm, Mathias

CS Pharma Res. Center, Bayer AG, Wuppertal, D-42096, Germany

SO Nature (London, United Kingdom) (2001), 410(6825), 212-215 CODEN: NATUAS; ISSN: 0028-0836

PB Nature Publishing Group

DT Journal

LA English

AB Nitric oxide (NO) is a widespread, potent, biol. mediator that has many physiol. and pathophysiol. roles. Research in the field of NO appears to have followed a straightforward path, and the findings have been progressive: NO and cGMP are involved in vasodilatation; glycerol trinitrate relaxes vascular smooth muscles by bioconversion to NO; mammalian cells synthesize NO; and last, NO mediates vasodilation by stimulating the soluble quanylate cyclase (sGC), a heterodimeric (α/β) heme protein that converts GTP to cGMP. Here the authors report the discovery of a regulatory site on sGC. Using photoaffinity labeling, the authors have identified the cysteine 238 and cysteine 243 region in the $\alpha 1$ -subunit of sGC as the target for a new type of sGC stimulator. Moreover, the authors present a pyrazolopyridine, BAY 41-2272, that potently stimulates sGC through this site by a mechanism that is independent of NO. This results in antiplatelet activity, a strong decrease in blood pressure and an increase in survival in a low-NO rat model of hypertension, and as such may offer an approach for treating cardiovascular diseases.

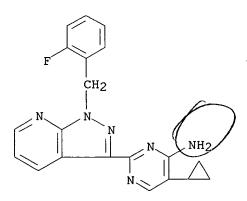
IT **256376-24-6**, BAY 41-2272

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(nitric oxide-independent regulatory site on soluble guanylate cyclase that is stimulated by pyrazolopyridine BAY 41-2272 in relation to antihypertensive and antiplatelet activity)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



10/521,538

L4 ANSWER 56 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

AN 2001:207062 CAPLUS

DN 135:40411

TI NO-Independent stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase

AU Straub, A.; Stasch, J.-P.; Alonso-Alija, C.; Benet-Buchholz, J.; Ducke, B.; Feurer, A.; Furstner, C.

CS Pharma Research Centre, Institute of Medicinal Chemistry, Bayer AG, Wuppertal, D-42096, Germany

SO Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2001), 11(6), 781-784 CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB SARs around a novel type of guanylate cyclase stimulator which act by a mechanism different from classical NO-donors are described. Several pyrazolopyridinylpyrimidines are shown to relax aortic rings and revealed a long-lasting blood pressure lowering effect in rats after oral application. The SARs around a novel type of stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase, their relaxing effects on preconstricted rabbit aortic rings (measured as IC50s) and their hypotensive properties are described.

IT **256376-24-6P**, Bay 41-2272

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(NO-independent stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase)

RN 256376-24-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 256376-81-5 256376-82-6 256376-83-7 256376-85-9 344773-51-9 344773-55-3 344773-59-7

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(NO-independent stimulators of soluble guanylate cyclase)

RN 256376-81-5 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclobutyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-82-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopentyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-83-7 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclohexyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-85-9 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-(1-cyclopenten-1-yl)-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 344773-51-9 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 344773-55-3 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-thiomorpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 344773-59-7 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 57 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L4
ΑN
     2001:179663 CAPLUS
DN
     134:222725
     Preparation of 3-(4-amino-5-cycloalkylpyrimidin-2-yl)-1-(2-fluorobenzyl)-
TТ
     1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridines from 1-(2-fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-
     b]pyridine-3-carboxamidine hydrochloride and 2-cycloalkyl-2-cyanoethenyl
     esters.
IN
     Jaenichen, Jan; Preiss, Michael; Alonso-alija, Cristina; Straub, Alexander
     Bayer AG, Germany
PA
SO
     Ger. Offen., 12 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     German
FAN.CNT 1
                                                                    DATE
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                         ____
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                                                                    19990908
                                            DE 1999-19942809
PΙ
     DE 19942809
                          A1
                                20010315
                                            WO 2000-EP8362
                                                                    20000828
     WO 2001017998
                          Α2
                                20010315
     WO 2001017998
                          A3
                                20011011
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
             CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR,
             HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU,
             SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY,
             DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI DE 1999-19942809
                                19990908
                          Α
OS
     MARPAT 134:222725
     Title compds. [I; R1 = (unsatd.) (substituted) cycloalkyl], were prepared by
ΑB
     reaction of amidine (II) with R10CO2C:HCR1CN (R1 as above; R10 = alkyl) in
     an organic solvent in the presence of base. Thus, II (preparation given) and
     2-cyano-2-cyclopropylethenyl acetate (preparation given) in THF were treated
     with KOCMe3 in THF at <40° followed by stirring for 2 h, cooling to
     5-10^{\circ}, and treatment with HOAc/Ac2O to give 84.3% I (R1 =
     cyclopropyl).
IT
     256376-24-6P
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP
     (Preparation)
        (preparation of aminocycloalkylpyrimidinylfluorobenzylpyrazolopyridines from
        (fluorobenzyl)pyrazolopyridinecarboxamidine and cycloalkylcyanoethenyl
        esters)
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
RN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
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pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CN

- L4ANSWER 58 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
- AN 2000:790500 CAPLUS
- 133:350132 DN
- ΤI Preparation of cyclopropylpyrimidazinylpyridinopyrazole derivative for treatment of cardiovascular diseases.
- Straub, Alexander; Feurer, Achim; Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Stahl, Elke; IN Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Perzborn, Elisabeth; Dembowsky, Klaus; Kern, Armin
- PA Bayer Aktiengesellschaft, Germany
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA German

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.					KIND Al		DATE 20001109		APPLICATION NO						DATE			
ΡΙ	WO 2000066582				20000420														
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			SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	
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			CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG					
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PRAI	DE	DE 1999-19920352				Α		19990504											

The substituted pyrazole derivative (I) is claimed and well as its method of AΒ preparation and use in the treatment of cardiovascular diseases. Thus, I was prepared in a multistep process starting with Na salt of Et cyano-2-oxopropanoate and 2-fluorobenzylhydrazine.

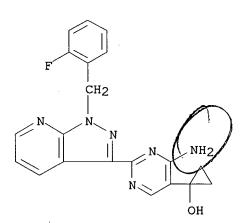
IT 304874-04-2P

> RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation for treatment of cardiovascular diseases)

RN 304874-04-2 CAPLUS

CN Cyclopropanol, 1-[4-amino-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

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ANSWER 59 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
L4
AN
     2000:83169
                CAPLUS
     132:122629
DN
     Preparation of pyrimidinylpyrazolopyridines and related compounds as
ΤI
     cardiovascular agents.
     Straub, Alexander; Feurer, Achim; Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Stahl, Elke;
IN
     Stasch, Johannes-Peter; Perzborn, Elisabeth; Huetter, Joachim; Dembowsky,
PA
     Bayer A.-G., Germany
SO
     Ger. Offen., 36 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
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                                            APPLICATION NO.
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     WO 1999-EP5073
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                                19990716
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     MARPAT 132:122629
     Title compds. [I; ≥1 of R1, X, Y = (substituted) (unsatd.)
     cycloalkyl, the rest = H, amino, N3, CHO, SH, OH, CO2H, acyl, alkoxy,
     etc.; R2R3 = atoms to form (substituted) Ph, 6-membered saturated or aromatic
     heteroaryl; A = (substituted) 5-6 membered aromatic or saturated heterocyclic
     ring], were prepared Thus, 3-(4-amino-5-cyclopropylpyrimidin-2-yl)-1-(2-
     fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine (preparation from 2-cyclopropyl-3-
     dimethylaminoacrylonitrile and the corresponding amidine given) inhibited
     thrombocyte aggregation with IC50 = 3 nM.
IT
     256376-24-6P 256376-27-9P 256376-31-5P
     256376-34-8P 256376-39-3P 256376-43-9P
     256376-49-5P 256376-54-2P 256376-81-5P
     256376-82-6P 256376-83-7P 256376-85-9P
     256376-86-0P 256376-87-1P
     RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
     study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
        (preparation of pyrimidinylpyrazolopyridines and related compds. as
        cardiovascular agents)
     256376-24-6 CAPLUS
RN
CN
     4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-
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pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-27-9 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 2-[(benzoyloxy)methyl]-N-[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-31-5 CAPLUS

CN Methanol, [[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-34-8 CAPLUS

CN Propanamide, N-[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-2,2-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-39-3 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-43-9 CAPLUS

CN Acetamide, N-acetyl-N-[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-49-5 CAPLUS

CN Methanesulfonamide, N-[5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-54-2 CAPLUS.

CN Imidodicarbonic acid, [5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-pyrimidinyl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-81-5 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclobutyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-82-6 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopentyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-83-7 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclohexyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-

pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-85-9 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-(1-cyclopenten-1-yl)-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256376-86-0 CAPLUS

CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-, monohydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● HCl

RN 256376-87-1 CAPLUS
CN 4-Pyrimidinamine, 5-cyclopropyl-2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1Hpyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-, mono(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 256376-24-6 CMF C20 H17 F N6

CM 2

CRN 104-15-4 CMF C7 H8 O3 S

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L4
    ANSWER 60 OF 60 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN
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     132:137382
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TI
     Preparation of benzylpyrazolopyridines and related compounds as
     cardiovascular agents.
IN
     Straub, Alexander; Feurer, Achim; Alonso-Alija, Cristina; Stasch,
     Johannes-Peter; Perzborn, Elisabeth; Huetter, Joachim; Dembowsky, Klaus;
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     Bayer A.-G., Germany
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     Ger. Offen., 36 pp.
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AΒ
     Title compds.[I; R1 = saturated or aromatic 5-6 membered (substituted)
     heterocyclyl, etc.; R2R3 = atoms to form a 6-membered saturated or aromatic
     (substituted) heterocyclyl; A = 5-6 membered aromatic or saturated
(substituted)
     heterocyclyl, Ph], were prepared Thus, 1-(2-fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-
     b]pyridine-3-carboxamidine (preparation given), 3-dimethylamino-2-
     methylsulfonyl-2-propenenitrile, piperidine, and isoamyl alc. were heated
     12 h at 110° to give 31.8% 3-(4-amino-5-methylsulfonylpyrimidin-2-
     yl)-1-(2-fluorobenzyl)-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine. Tested I increased
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cGMP levels by 600% to >1000%.

IT 256498-64-3P 256498-66-5P 256498-67-6P 256498-84-7P 256498-86-9P 256498-91-6P 256498-92-7P 256498-93-8P 256498-97-2P 256498-98-3P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of benzylpyrazolopyridines and related compds. as cardiovascular agents)

RN 256498-64-3 CAPLUS

CN 5-Pyrimidinecarbonitrile, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-4-(4-methylphenyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-66-5 CAPLUS

CN 4,6-Pyrimidinediamine, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-5-(4-morpholinyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-67-6 CAPLUS

CN 4(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 2-[1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-1H-pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridin-3-yl]-6-hydroxy-5-(1H-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-84-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-ethyl-4-(1H-imidazol-1-yl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-86-9 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]-3-[5-(methylsulfonyl)-4-(4-morpholinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-91-6 CAPLUS

CN lH-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-ethyl-4-(1-piperidinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-92-7 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-ethyl-4-(4-morpholinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-93-8 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-ethyl-4-(1-pyrrolidinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-97-2 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[4-(4,5-dihydro-1H-imidazol-2-yl)-5-ethyl-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256498-98-3 CAPLUS

CN 1H-Pyrazolo[3,4-b]pyridine, 3-[5-ethyl-4-(1H-imidazol-2-yl)-2-pyrimidinyl]-1-[(2-fluorophenyl)methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:19:10 ON 03 OCT 2005

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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FULL ESTIMATED COST ENTRY SESSION 0.43 459.25

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE 0.00 -43.80

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